

INSTITUT FÜR UMWELTWISSENSCHAFTEN LANDAU

List of Modules

for the Master's Program Ecotoxicology (Master of Science)

at the University Koblenz-Landau, Campus Landau

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1. Introduction

This list of modules informs about structure, intention and contents of the master's program Ecotoxicology. It contains descriptions of the modules (chapter 3) and an exemplary curriculum (chapter 4).

The master's program is laid out for four semesters of full-time study with a total amount of 120 credit points (CP). It consists of nine compulsory modules in the field of ecotoxicology with 56 CP, as well as of a Research Project Course (12 CP) and an Applied Module at External Organisation (10 CP). Furthermore, the degree program consists of five optional fields (Applied Environmental Chemistry and Environmental Physics (ACP), Chemistry (CHE), Applied Ecology (AÖK), Geoecology (GEO), and Socioeconomics & Environmental management (SÖU)) of which two modules have to be chosen (12 CP). The degree program completes with the master thesis with a colloquium (30 CP).

All compulsory modules are taught in English language. As at least one module from each optional field is taught in English as well, it is possible to complete the whole course in English. However, we recommend foreign students to acquire German language proficiency to follow teaching in German at least partly as well.

2. Intention and Targeted Learning Outcomes of the Master's Program

The master's program provides a competent education in ecotoxicology along with a basic and application-orientated understanding of the fate, distribution, effects, risk assessment and risk management of chemicals in the environment.

The program is based on current ecotoxicological research and provides an insight into neighbouring fields of science with which an interdisciplinary perception and the development of integrative approaches is promoted. On this basis the graduates are able to work independent on ecotoxicological problems and are competent to analyse and interpret these problems. They are also able to present the results to an international professional audience (presentation, publication).

Furthermore the program enables the graduates to an independent scientific way of work, systemic thinking and prepares in particular for self dependent and leading activities. Therefore the graduates are competent for the professionalism in various fields of ecotoxicology (e.g. scientific facilities and research institutes, authorities, offices, ministries on the subject of crop protection and chemical security, industry, consulting enterprises etc.). A special focus is lad on the international orientation of the degree program which qualifies the graduates for an international job market. In addition, the degree program prepares for a doctorate. During their studies the graduates gain the following qualifications:

Knowledge:

- Profound subject-specific environmental, analytical and ecotoxicological knowledge (principles of aquatic and terrestrial ecotoxicology, environmental analysis, methods and regulatory background, monitoring, fundamentals of toxicology, models in ecotoxicology, chemical assessment and management, analytical instruments) as well as detailed ecological knowledge.
- Knowledge of related fields of sciences (Applied Environmental Chemistry & Environmental Physics, Geoecology, Socioeconomics & Environmental management).

Skills:

- Transfer Skills:
 - The acquired knowledge can be used for scientific problem-solving.
- Methodical (Technical/Statistical) Skills:
 - The graduates are familiar with ecotoxicological guidelines, applicable aspects of the Quality Assurance System (GLP) in laboratories and in the field; they are also able to practically apply the fundamental methods and to transfer their knowledge to unknown test systems. Further test systems can be worked out and conducted independently.
 - The graduates are able to select and to apply corresponding statistical test methods.
 - The graduates are able to select and to apply suitable models for current problems.
 - The graduates are familiar with the use of Geoinformation Systems (GIS) and its application as a

three-dimensional analysis tool in ecotoxicology.

- Scientific Working Method and Way of Thinking:
 - The graduates are able to work independently on scientific, ecotoxicological problems, i.e. to develop a suitable study design, to select corresponding test methods and to interpret and to assess the results statistically using adequate tests.
 - The graduates gain analytical abilities and they are qualified for process analysis, systemic thinking as well as for a goal oriented, structured, efficient working method. They have also a mechanistic understanding.
 - The graduates are able to work interdisciplinary and they have the ability for an interdisciplinary perception.
- Presentation/Publication/Discussion of Scientific Research Results:
 - The degree program imparts the ability to present the research results to an international audience and to discuss the results.
 - The graduates are able to publish their researches in scientific journals.
 - The graduates have the ability to examine and to analyse critically scientific results (e.g. papers in scientific journals) and to assess these results on the basis of their profound knowledge.
- Social Skills:
 - The graduates have diplomatic abilities because they know and understand the positions of different stakeholders in ecotoxicology. They are able to mediate discussions between different groups of stakeholders and to reach a consensus.
 - The degree program develops the ability for successful team work (e.g. within projects or teams), to accept and to positively interact with criticism, as well as to identify, to increase and to use synergy effects.
 - The graduates have leadership skills: projects can be structured into tasks which can be distributed competently. The graduates are able to accept interests and suggestions/ideas of the individual staff and to develop further in cooperation with the staff interests and suggestions. They are also able to pass criticism constructively.
 - The graduates have the ability to communicate, in particular in English. They are able to socialise, to have conservations as well as to express their interests/knowledge/results etc. clearly. As a result they can operate in an international context.
- Professional Work Experiences:
 - The degree program enhances first professional work experiences in the field of researches at the university as well as in companies.

3. Description of Modules

3.1 Compulsory Modules

Module ETX1: Fate and Transport of Pollutants

Fate and Transport of Pollutants
B3, resp. ETX1
a) Advanced Environmental Chemistry
b) Physical Transport Processes
1. Semester
Dr. Christian Noß
Dr. Christian Noß / M.Sc. Zacharias Steinmetz
English
M.Sc. Environmental Sciences (C, 1)
M.Sc. Ecotoxicology (C,1)
Course b): M.Ed. Gymnasium Physik
a) Lecture / 2 class hours (block course: 4 class hours during 1 st half
of semester) / 100
b) Lecture / 2 class hours / 100
a) 30 h / 60 h
b) 30 h / 60 h
Total: 60 h / 120 h
6 CP
Admission for M.Sc. study
The last way is the first on four damage to be shown the base of a last of the
The lectures build on fundamental university knowledge in physics,
chemistry and environmental chemistry
The students gain advanced knowledge about the production, use and effects of various classes of environmental pollutants and their
pathways in different ecosystems, and know the current scientific
discussion. The students can apply their knowledge on
environmental-chemical processes including transfer, transformation
and transport of pollutants; they can predict behaviour of organic
and inorganic chemicals and judge their relevance for transport,
enrichment, toxicity and bioavailability to current scientific problems.
The students know the main processes, which are responsible for
the transport of mass and energy within environmental systems and
across environmental interfaces. They become familiar with the
mathematical description of transport, reaction and physicochemical
processes and are able to estimate transport and turnover rates in basic applications.
a) Advanced Environmental Chemistry:
Use of chemicals
 Routes of entry in the environment
 Physicochemical properties, structure-activity relationships
and parameterization of compound properties of organic and
inorganic compound classes on the basis of current
o 1

	 Chemistry of transfer and transformation processes in compartments soil, water, air and their mathematical description Compound classes (POPs, organic pesticides, metals etc.) Effects of compound classes in compartments water, soil, air b) Transport Processes: Diffusion: microscopic view, random walk Diffusion: macroscopic theory, Fick's laws, multivariate calculus Some basic solutions of the diffusion equation Diffusion coefficients in air, water and soil Diffusion with drift, sedimentation Transport properties of flows, turbulent diffusion Sources, sinks, and chemical reactions Interfacial mass transfer, air-water gas exchange Mass, heat and momentum transport analogies Transport processes in water, soil, and the atmosphere
Study / exam achievements:	Written Exam
Forms of media:	PowerPoint slides
Literature:	
Literature:	 Basic and advanced reading: Hites, R. (2007): Elements of Environmental Chemistry. Wiley & Sons, Hoboken. Schwarzenbach, R.P. (2002): Environmental Organic Chemistry. J. Wiley & Sons, Hoboken. Walker, C.H., Hopkin, S.P., Sibly, R.M., Peakall, D.B. (2005): Principles of Ecotoxicology. Taylor & Francis, New York. Monteith, J.L., Unsworth, M.H. (2008): Environmental Physics. Academic Press, Elsevier, Amsterdam. Okubo, A., Levin, S.A. (2001): Diffusion and Ecological Problems: Modern Perspectives. Springer-Verlag, New York, Berlin, Heidelberg. Dill, K.A., Bromberg, S. (2010): Molecular driving forces: Statistical thermodynamics in chemistry & biology. Taylor & Francis

Module ETX2:	Principles of	f Ecotoxicology

Module name:	Principles of Ecotoxicology	
Module code:	ETX 2	
Courses:	a) Aquatic Ecotoxicology	
	b) Terrestrial Ecotoxicology	
Semester:	1 st Semester (or 3 rd semester for M.Sc. Environmental	
	Sciences)	
Module coordinator:	Dr. Carsten Brühl	
Lecturer:	JunProf. Dr. Mirco Bundschuh / Dr. Carsten Brühl	
Language:	English	
Classification within the curriculum:	M.Sc. Ecotoxicology (C, 1)	
(Compulsory or optional, semester)	M.Sc. Environmental Sciences (O, 1/3)	
[C = compulsory; O = optional; GS = Grundstudium; HS = Hauptstudium]		
Teaching format / class hours per	a) Lecture / 2 class hours / 100	
week / group size:	b) Lecture / 2 class hours / 100	
Workload:	a) 30 h / 60 h	
Face-to-face teaching / independent	b) 30 h / 60 h	
study	Total: 60 h / 120 h	
Credit points:		
Required prerequisites:	Admission for MSc. study	
Recommended prerequisites:	Knowledge in ecology	
Targeted learning outcomes:	The students understand the fundamentals of terrestrial and aquatic ecotoxicology, i.e. biological effects of chemicals on the individual level. The students know the basic principles of ecotoxicological effects at the population, community and ecosystem level in aquatic and terrestrial environments. They know the endpoints relevant at the population and community level and which processes are of importance in addition to the individual level. The students are able to identify the potential effects at the population and community level related with the presence of chemicals in the environment. The students are able to identify, suggest and evaluate testing procedures for ecotoxicological effects at the population and community level. They are familiar with international strategies of addressing ecotoxicological problems in nature. Examples include a variety of special cases in developing countries such as e.g. the decline of vultures in India, amphibian decline in Central America, malaria or locust control in Africa. Moreover, risk management strategies will be presented also focussing on the situation in developing countries.	
Content:	 a) Aquatic Ecotoxicology: Characteristics of environmental chemicals and related processes Bioaccumulation, Biomagnification Acute, chronic and life cycle toxicity 	

	 Effects on individuals, populations and communities Ecotoxicological metrics (e.g. EC50, LC50, NOEC) Endpoints Dose response relationships (linear, non linear)
	 Combined effects (chemical & biological stressor)
	Resistance, recovery, recolonisation
	Mixture toxicity
	Species sensitivity distributions (SSD)
	 Mesocosm studies Basics of environmental risk assessment
	b) Terrestrial Ecotoxicology:Identification of pollutants
	Metals
	Pesticides
	POPs
	 Entry ways into the ecosystem
	• Fate of chemicals
	 Assessment of Toxicity (introduction in testing strategies) Development of factor
	 Physiological effects Population level effects
	Community level effects
	Direct and indirect effects
	 Additional stressors in the agricultural landscape
Study / exam achievements:	Exam and oral presentation
Forms of media:	PowerPoint slides, handouts
Literature:	Basic reading:
	 Newman, M., Clements, W. (2007): Ecotoxicology – a comprehensive treatment. Taylor & Francis, Boca Raton
	 Walker, C.H., Hopkin, S.P., Sibly, R.M., Peakall, D.B. (2012): Principles of Ecotoxicology. 4th ed., Taylor & Francis, New York.
	 Advanced reading:
	 Clements W. (2002): Community Ecotoxicology. Wiley, New York
	 Newman M. (2001): Population Ecotoxicology. Wiley, New York.

Module name:	Tools for Complex Data Analysis	
Module code:	B2, resp. ETX3	
Courses:	a) Tools for univariate data analysis	
	b) Tools for multivariate data analysis	
Semester:	1. Semester	
Module coordinator:	Prof. Dr. Ralf B. Schäfer	
Lecturer:	Prof. Dr. Ralf B. Schäfer	
Language:	English	
Classification within the curriculum:	M.Sc. Environmental Sciences (C, 1)	
(Compulsory or optional, semester)	M.Sc. Ecotoxicology (C, 1)	
[C = compulsory; O = optional; GS =		
Grundstudium; HS = Hauptstudium]		
Teaching format / class hours per	a) Exercise / 2 SWS / 30	
week / group size:	b) Exercise / 2,5 SWS/ 30	
Workload:	a) 30 h / 60 h	
Face-to-face teaching / independent	b) 30 h / 82,5 h	
study	Total: 90 h / 112,5 h	
Credit points:	6 CP	
Requirements under the	Admission for M.Sc. study	
examination regulations:	Univariate data analysis is required before participation in	
C C	multivariate data analysis	
Recommended prerequisites:	Fundamental knowledge in algebra and calculus as well as	
	descriptive and simple inferential statistics	
Targeted learning outcomes:	The students are able to design a study and select corresponding tools for subsequent data analysis. They can link scientific questions to methods of data analysis. They are familiar with different approaches to data analysis including frequentist and bayesian statistics as well as machine learning approaches. The students are able to process research data and apply data analysis tools in a software environment. They know the advantages and disadvantages of the different methods.	
Content:	a) Tools for univariate data analysis:	
	Overview on data analysis	
	 Exploratory analysis 	
	 Approaches to data analysis: Statistical and Machine learning 	
	approaches	
	Simulation-based approaches	
	Correlation, regression and analysis of variance	
	Statistical inference	
	Multiple linear regression modelling	
	 GLMs Supervised classification: CARTs and Random forests 	
	 Supervised classification. CAR is and Random forests b) Tools for multivariate data analysis: 	
	 Ecological distance measures 	
	 Unconstrained ordination and constrained ordination 	
	techniques (e.g. PCA, RDA, CCA, NMDS, db-RDA)	
	 Algorithm-based and model based multivariate analysis 	
	Multivariate GLMs	
	 Unsupervised classification: Cluster analysis 	

	MANOVA and Permutational MANOVA
Study / exam achievements:	Exam (written)
Forms of media:	Libre Office Impress slides, computer, software (R programming language for statistical computing), Panopto videos
Literature:	 Basic and advanced reading: Borcard, D., Gillet, F., Legendre, P. 2018: Numerical Ecology with R. Springer: New York; 2nd edition. Crawley, M. J. 2012: The R book. Second Edition. Wiley: Chichester. Field, A., Miles, J., Field, Z. 2012: Discovering Statistics Using R. SAGE Publications Ltd Fox, J. 2015. Applied Regression Analysis and Generalized Linear Models. 3rd edition. Sage Publications, Thousand Oaks, California. Harrell F.E. 2015 Regression modeling strategies: with applications to linear models, logistic regression, and survival analysis. 2nd edition. Springer, New York James, G., Witten, D., Hastie, T., and Tibshirani, R. 2017. An introduction to statistical learning: with applications in R ; Springer: New York. Kabacoff, R. 2015. R in Action. 2nd edition. Data Analysis and Graphics with R. Manning Publications Legendre, P., and L. Legendre. 2012. Numerical Ecology. Elsevier, Amsterdam. Maindonald, J. and J. Braun 2010. Data Analysis and Graphics Using R. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge. Matloff, N. S. 2017. Statistical regression and classification: from linear models to machine learning. CRC Press: Boca Raton, 2017. Zuur, A. F., leno, E. N. and G. M. Smith 2007. Analysing Ecological Data. Series: Statistics for Biology and Health.

ETX4 - Lab Course Environmental Chemistry:

Depending on students' previous knowledge and skills of chemistry and environmental analytics, and on whether they have graduated in the B.Sc. programme "Umweltwissenschaften / Environmental Sciences" at University Koblenz-landau, campus Landau, one of the following two modules ETX4A or ETX4B must be completed (see "required prerequisites" in the following module descriptions). If ETX4A is completed in the compulsory section, students may still complete module ETX4B as an optional module.

For evaluation of the previous knowledge, a lab safety assessment will be applied in the first week of each winter semester (as announced in KLIPS). **Participation at this test is compulsory for all students who have not graduated in the B.Sc. programme "Umweltwissenschaften / Environmental Sciences" at University Koblenz –Landau, Campus Landau**. The outcome of the test is a recommendation for either ETX4A/LAB1 or ETX4B/LAB2. More details on the prerequisites are given in the module descriptions below.

Module name:	Basic Lab Course Environmental Chemistry
Module code:	ETX4A, resp. LAB1
Courses:	 a) Principles of quantitative chemical analysis b) Analysis of soil and water samples and instrumental analysis of environmental contaminants
Semester:	1 st Semester
Module coordinator:	Dr. Allan Phillipe
Lecturer:	Current scientific staff of the working group Environmental and Soil Chemistry
Language:	English
Classification within the curriculum: (compulsory or optional, semester) [C = compulsory; O = optional; GS = Grundstudium; HS = Hauptstudium]	M.Sc. Ecotoxicology (C, 1/2) M.Sc. Environmental Sciences (O, 1/2)
Teaching format / class hours per week / group size:	a) + b) Lab exercises / 5 class hours / 7 (block course)
Workload: Face-to-face teaching / independent study	75 h / 105 h
Credit points:	6 CP
Required prerequisites:	 (1) Basic knowledge in chemistry (organic and inorganic) and analytical techniques. (2) Module ETX1 and ETX3 must be successfully completed. (3) Participation at the lab safety assessment with outcome: "recommendation for ETX4A/LAB1". The test evaluates whether ETX4A / LAB1 or ETX4B / LAB2 is suitable with respect to the student's previous knowledge. It is written in the first week of each winter semester (as announced in KLIPS). In the lab safety assessment the following contents will be examined: Knowledge in chemistry (organic and inorganic), and knowledge and experience in analytical techniques Knowledge on environmental chemistry (as indicated in this module) Experience on handling of laboratory consumables and devices

Module ETX4A: Basic Lab Course Environmental Chemistry

	This module is a part of the course "Laborübungen Instrumentelle Umweltanalytik", Modul UC3 and "Chemie für Umweltwissenschaftler", Modul UC2 of the Bachelor study program. It can thus not be selected by degree holders graduated in that programme in Landau. It has been conceived to offer the opportunity for students from other course programmes to adapt to the required lab experience in environmental analytics. Due to logistic reasons, the course can be offered for 20 students per semester.
Recommended prerequisites:	Experience on handling of common laboratory consumables and devices
Targeted learning outcomes:	Knowledge on lab safety rules The students understand and get experienced with common laboratory proceedings and techniques and methods used in environmental analysis. At the end of the course, the students can analyze relevant organic and inorganic and contaminants (e.g., polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) and volatile organic compounds (VOC)) in diverse environmental matrices. They know which techniques and methods can be used to quantify environmental pollutants. Moreover, they are are able to critically assess and evaluate analytical results.
Content:	 Sampling, preparation and treatment of environmental samples (Extraction, enrichment and purification methods) Qualitative analysis of major inorganic and organic group of substances Acid/base reactions and buffer systems Assessment of organic and inorganic pollutants in soil and water samples (Instrumental techniques: TLC, HPLC, GC, AAS, Spectrophotometry) Analysis, interpretation and documentation of experimental results
Study / exam achievements:	Portfolio (written)
Forms of media:	Laboratory equipment and material, independent work in small groups on small research questions
Literature:	 Basic reading: Schwarzenbach, R.P (2003): Environmental Organic Chemistry, John Wiley. Merian E., Anke, M., Ihnat, M., Stoeppler, M. (2004): Elements and their Compounds in the Environment - Occurrence, Analysis and Biological Relevance (in 3 Volumes). Oxford, Wiley-VCH. Further literature will be announced at the beginning of the course

Module ETX4B: Advanced Lab Course	Environmental Chemistry
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Module name:	Advanced Lab Course Environmental Chemistry
Module code:	ETX4B, resp. LAB2
Courses:	 a) Characterisation of substances based on their physicochemical properties b) Advanced environmental analysis
Semester:	1 st or 3 rd Semester
Module coordinator:	Dr. Allan Phillipe
Lecturer:	current scientific staff of the working group Environmental and Soil Chemistry
Language:	English
Classification within the curriculum: (compulsory or optional, semester) [C = compulsory; O = optional; GS = Grundstudium; HS = Hauptstudium]	M.Sc. Ecotoxicology (C, 1) M.Sc. Environmental Sciences (O, 1/3)
Teaching format / class hours per week / group size:	a) + b) Lab exercises / 5 class hours / 7 (block course)
Workload: Face-to-face teaching / independent study	75 h / 105h
Credit points:	6 CP
Required prerequisites:	 Advanced knowledge in chemistry (organic and inorganic) and analytical techniques. Modules ETX1/B3 and ETX3/B2 must be successfully completed. Participation at the lab safety assessment with outcome: "recommendation for ETX4B/LAB2". The test evaluates whether ETX4A / LAB1 or ETX4B / LAB2 is suitable with respect to the student's previous knowledge. It is written in the first week of each winter semester (as announced in KLIPS). In the lab safety assessment following contents will be examined: Knowledge in chemistry (organic and inorganic), and knowledge and experience in analytical techniques Knowledge on environmental chemistry (as indicated in this module) Experience on handling of laboratory consumables and devices
Recommended prerequisites:	 (1) Experience on handling of common and major laboratory consumables, devices and instruments (2) Knowledge on lab safety rules and procedures (3) Scientific writing skills
Targeted learning outcomes:	The students understand and are able to apply practically the different parameters determining the fate of pollutants in the environment. The students can analyze different/relevant contaminants at trace concentrations in diverse environmental matrices. They understand fundamental experimental approaches of environmental chemistry and can analyze and describe environmental processes. They know which techniques and methods can be used to quantify environmental pollutants and how analytical methods should be developed and validated. Moreover they are able to critically assess and evaluate analytical results. They are familiar with

	standard and advanced analytical techniques as mass
	spectrometry.
Content:	Partition and adsorption coefficients
	Purification and clean-up techniques of trace analytics with emphasis on pesticides and mycotoxins in environmental samples
	Identification of degradation products and pathways
	Kinetics of environmental chemical processes
	Bio concentration of heavy metals
	Analytics and characterization of nanoparticles
	Measurement principles of LC-MS, GC-MS and ICP-OES
	including limitations and error estimations for methods
Study / exam achievements:	Portfolio (written)
Forms of media:	Laboratory equipment and material, independent work in small groups on small research questions
Literature:	Basic reading:
	Schwarzenbach, R.P (2003): Environmental Organic chemstry, John Wiley.
	Merian E., Anke, M., Ihnat, M., Stoeppler, M. (2004): Elements and their Compounds in the Environment - Occurrence, Analysis and Biological Relevance (in 3 Volumes). Oxford, Wiley-VCH.
	Throck, J., Sparkman, W., Sparkman, D. (2008) Introduction to mass spectrometry - Instrumentation, applications, and strategies for data interpretation. Chichester, Wiley-VHC Further readings will be announced

Module ETX5: Toxicolog	y and Pharmacology
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Module name:	Toxicology and Pharmacology
Module code:	ETX5
Courses:	a) Principles of Toxicology
	b) Toxicology Lab Course
Semester:	1 st Semester
Module coordinator:	Dr. Jochen Zubrod
Lecturer:	Dr. Robert Landsiedel, BASF SE / Dr. Jochen Zubrod
Language:	English
Classification within the curriculum: (Compulsory or optional, semester)	M.Sc. Ecotoxicology (C, 1)
[C = compulsory; O = optional; GS = Grundstudium; HS = Hauptstudium]	
Teaching format / class hours per	a) Lecture / 2 class hours / 100
week / group size:	b) Lab exercise / 2 class hours (block course, total 30 h) / 20
Workload: Face-to-face teaching / independent study	a) 30 h / 60 h b) 30 h / 30 h Total: 60 h / 90 h
Credit points:	5 CP
Required prerequisites:	Admission for MSc. study
Recommended prerequisites:	none
Targeted learning outcomes:	The students know the basic principles of toxicology and pharmacology. They are aware of the routes and reactions in the metabolism and the mechanisms of cancerogenity. They are able to assess and describe the potential toxicological profile or pharmacological activity of compounds. The students know the theoretical and practical aspects of the most important biochemical-toxicological methods. They are aware of the procedures, applications and sources of errors associated with each method. They are able to select and practically apply suitable methods for a given problem situation. Moreover, the students obtain experience in team-work, literature search and multimedia presentations.
Content:	 a) Principles of Toxicology and Pharmacology: Anatomy, pathology, physiology (birds, fish, mammals) Toxicodynamic and toxicokinetic Mutagenity and cancerogenity Developmental and reproduction toxicology Organ toxicity (histology) Testing procedures in toxicology Principles of hazard assessment Dose-response-relationships Basic epidemiology Toxicology of major substance classes: e.g. metals, aromates, biocides Pharmacology of major substance classes: e.g. analgetics. hormones, narcotics

	Regulatory requirements (pesticides, chemicals, REACH) Acute, subchronic and long-term studies Alternative test methods b) Toxicology Lab Course: Ames Test (Mutagenicity) Biotransformation
Study / exam achievements:	Portfolio (written)
Forms of media:	PowerPoint slides, Laboratory equipment and material, script
Literature:	 Basic and advanced reading: Boelsterli, U.A. (2007): Mechanistic Toxicology: The Molecular Basis of How Chemicals Disrupt Biological Targets. CRC Press Inc., Boca Raton. Hood, R.D. (2005): Developmental and Reproductive Toxicology: A Practical Approach. CRC Pr Inc., Boca Raton. Josephy, P.D., Mannervik, B., Josephy, D. (2006): Molecular Toxicology. Oxford University Press, Oxford. Stenersen, J. (2004): Chemical Pesticides, mode of action and toxicology. CRC Press, Boca Raton. Streibel, B.J., Klaassen, C.D., Watkins, J.B. (2003): Casarett & Doull's Essentials of Toxicology. McGraw-Hill Professional. Wallace Hayes, A. (2001): Principles and Methods of Toxicology. CRC Pr Inc., Boca Raton. Williams, P.L., Roberts S.M. (2000): Principles of Toxicology: Environmental and Industrial Applications. Wiley & Sons, Weinheim. Woolley, A. (2003): A Guide to Practical Toxicology: Evaluation, Prediction and Risk. CRC Pr Inc., Boca Raton.

Module name:	Methods in Ecotoxicology
Module code:	ETX6
Courses:	 a) Ecotoxicological Test Methods b) Quality Assurance GLP c) Assessment and Monitoring of Effects
Semester:	2 nd Semester
Module coordinator:	Dr. Carsten Brühl
Lecturer:	Dr. Carsten Brühl / Dr. Jochen Zubrod
Language:	English
Classification within the curriculum: (Compulsory or optional, semester)	M.Sc. Ecotoxicology (C, 2)
[C = compulsory; O = optional; GS = Grundstudium; HS = Hauptstudium]	
Teaching format / class hours per week / group size:	 a) Lecture / 2 class hours (block course, total 30 h) / 100 b) Exercise / 1 class hours (block course, total 15 h) / 30 c) Lab exercise / 6 class hours (block course, total 90 h) / 20
Workload: Face-to-face teaching / independent study	a) 30 h / 30 h b) 15 h / 15 h c) 90 h (Teaching in small groups in the laboratory) / 90 h Total: 135 h / 135 h
Credit points:	9 CP
Required prerequisites:	Module ETX2: Principles of Ecotoxicology Module ETX3: Tools for Complex Data Analysis
Recommended prerequisites:	none
Targeted learning outcomes:	The students are familiar with internationally established ecotoxicological test methods and Good Laboratory Practice according to the OECD and get to know the different test systems in terrestrial and aquatic ecotoxicology currently used in the regulatory context. They get informed about the latest developments of guidelines in the testing scheme of the EU and OECD. Standards in developing countries will be discussed. They understand the fundamental characteristics of tiered testing and are able to interpret test results and sources of error. The students develop an understanding for work to be conducted under a quality assurance system and use this to prepare a study plan considering the OECD principles of GLP. They are able to perform a laboratory standard test and analyse the results with various statistical procedures. The students are capable to write a study report according to international criterial of test procedures and GLP as required in the registration process of pesticides by authorities around the world.
Content:	 a) Ecotoxicological Test Methods: The theoretical background of test methods in ecotoxicology is presented in the following way: Introduction of test species and tiered testing scheme as currently used under relevant regulation (latest ISO, EPPO and OECD guidelines) Presentation of the Dose-Effect-Relationship and other

	parameters for statistical analysis of ecotoxicology tests. Regulatory background of tests, design of tiered test system b) Quality Assurance GLP:
	The Basics of Quality Assurance are divided in:
	An introduction with an overview of different quality assurance
	systems
	Definitions, processes and roles under Good Laboratory Practice (GLP)
	Legal background of GLP OECD guidelines
	Preparation of a study plan for a GLP study
	c) Assessment and Monitoring of Effects:
	The study plan that was prepared in Quality Assurance GLP is used in Assessment and Monitoring of Effects.
	Laboratory tests are conducted according to OECD protocols in small groups on selected compounds using different tiers. Study results are recorded to the rules of GLP and analysed with appropriate statistical tools. Students get data on other tiers as well as chemical and biological monitoring data from field and make a simple risk assessment to identify uncertainties etc. without knowing before the full environmental risk assessment framework. Results and first interpretation are presented to other students Students write a study report including an assessment of risk.
Study / exam achievements:	Study report
Forms of media:	PowerPoint slides, guidelines, laboratory / testing equipment and material
Literature:	Basic reading:
	 Newman, M., Clements, W. (2007): Ecotoxicology – a
	comprehensive treatment. Taylor & Francis, Boca Raton.
	 Advanced reading:
	 Giesy, J.P. (2010): Aquatic Toxicology Lab Exercise. CRC, Boca Raton.
	 Seiler, J.P. (2005): Good Laboratory Practice: The Why and the How. Springer, Berlin.
	• Thompson, K.C, Wadhia, K, Loibner, A. (2005): Environmental
	toxicity testing. Taylor & Francis, New York.
	Literature handed out in the lecture.
	 Lecture script and current guidelines.

Module ETX7: Molecular Ecology I

Module name:	Molecular Ecology I
Module code:	AÖK4, resp. ETX7
Courses:	a) Molecular Ecology I
	b) Phylogenetic and Population Genetic Analysis
Semester:	3. Semester
Module coordinator:	Prof. Dr. Klaus Schwenk
Lecturer:	Prof. Dr. Klaus Schwenk / Dr. Anne Thielsch
Language:	English
Classification within the curriculum:	M.Sc. Environmental Sciences (O, 2)
(compulsory or optional, semester)	M.Sc. Ecotoxicology (C, 2)
	M.Ed. Biologie Gymnasium (O, 1-4)
[C = compulsory; O = optional; GS =	2F-B.Sc. Naturschutzbiologie (O, 4-6)
Grundstudium; HS = Hauptstudium]	
Teaching format / class hours per	a) Lecture / 2 class hours (total 30 h) / 100
week / group size:	b) Exercise / 2 class hours (block course, total 30 h) / 30
Workload:	a) 30 h / 30 h
Face-to-face teaching / independent	b) 30 h / 30 h
study	Total: 60 h / 60 h
Credit points:	4 CP
Required prerequisites:	
Recommended prerequisites:	None
Targeted learning outcomes:	The students are familiar with major topics in molecular ecology and basic theories of population genetics and phylogenetics. They get an overview of possible methods in molecular ecology and know examples of their application. The students gain practical experience in phylogenetic analysis software and are able to interpret the results.
Content:	Principles of molecular genetics Molecular identification of species, individuals and sex Genetic aspects of behavioural ecology Population genetics Evolutionary ecotoxicology Phylogeography Conservation genetics Genetically modified organisms Analytical methods in molecular ecology and phylogenetics
Study / exam achievements:	Portfolio (written/oral)
Forms of media:	PowerPoint, Phylogenetic analysis software
Literature:	Basic reading: Beebee and Rowe (2008): An introduction to molecular ecology. Oxford University Press Frankham, Ballou and Briscoe. (2005): Introduction to conservation genetics. Cambridge University Press. Advanced reading: Bromham (2008): Reading the Story in DNA, Oxford University
	Press. Ankley, G.T., Miracle, A.L., Perkins, E.J. (2007): Genomics in regulatory ecotoxicology. CRC Press Inc., Boca Raton.

Module name:	Models in Ecotoxicology
Module code:	ETX8
Courses:	a) Exposure Modelling b) Effect Modelling c) Geoinformation Systems (GIS) Application
Semester:	3 rd Semester
Module coordinator:	Dr. Nanki Sidhu
Lecturer:	Dr. André Gergs / Dr. Wenkui He/ Dr. Carola Schriever/ Dr. Bernhard Jene / Dr. Nanki Sidhu / Prof. Dr. Ralf B. Schäfer
Language:	English
Classification within the curriculum: (Compulsory or optional, semester) [C = compulsory; O = optional; GS = Grundstudium; HS = Hauptstudium]	M.Sc. Ecotoxicology (C, 3)
Teaching format / class hours per week / group size:	 a) Exercise / 2,5 class hours (block course, total 40 h) /30 b) Exercise / 2,5 class hours (block course, total 40 h) / 30 c) Project seminar / 2 class hours (discussion and final project presentation at regular intervals, total 30 h) / 30
Workload:	a) 37,5 h / 52,5 h
Face-to-face teaching /	b) 37,5 h / 52,5 h
independent study	c) 30 h / 30 h
	Total: 105 h / 135
Credit points:	8 CP
Required prerequisites:	
Recommended prerequisites:	Basic or solid knowledge in GIS and basic knowledge of modelling.
Targeted learning outcomes:	The students know the basic principles of models to be used in the exposure or effect assessment in ecotoxicology. They know the restrictions, sources of errors and are able to quantify the uncertainty associated with the use of models and GIS. They are able to use models/GIS and to identify situations in which a modelling approach can be of help. They gain the ability to independently analyse a problem situation, to apply a suitable modelling approach and to interpret the results obtained.
Content:	 a) Exposure Modelling: Surface water models Soil persistence models Groundwater models FOCUS approach Decision support systems Implementation of risk mitigation measures Spatially explicit modelling using GIS QSAR modelling Fugacity models EUSES model

	 b) Effect Modelling: Population models Metapopulation models Spatially explicit models Community models Food web models Ecosystem models Ecosystem models c) GIS Application: The course will generally be run in two groups, where students can decide whether they participate in the basic or advanced GIS course. The basic course requires only little prior knowledge, whereas the advanced course assumes solid GIS skills (equivalent to having taken the MSI 2 module in the B.Sc. Environmental Sciences at our university). In the advanced course, the students work on complex environmental problems with the help of GIS in the context of a (self chosen) project. This may include: Collection and handling of data (e.g. remote sensing images, ATKIS, LIDAR, external databases) Modelling and analysis (e.g. geostatistics, calculation of landscape metrics) Visualisation (e.g. map design, export into web-applications, virtual 3-D design)
Study / exam achievements:	Exam (written)
Forms of media:	Projector, computer, software: FOCUS models, EUSES, Canoco, R, MS Access, MS Excel, ArcGIS, GRASS GIS, QGIS.
Literature:	 Will be announced at the beginning of the course. The courses will use up to date online-tutorials and external internet support.

Module name:	Risk Assessment and Management
Module code:	ETX9
Courses:	a) Risk Assessment and Management of Chemicals b) Environmental Risk Evaluation
Semester:	3 rd Semester
Module coordinator:	Prof. Dr. Ralf Schulz
Lecturer:	Prof. Dr. Ralf Schulz / Dr. Jörn Wogram / Dr. Sebasitan Stehle
Language:	English
Classification within the curriculum: (Compulsory or optional, semester)	M.Sc. Ecotoxicology (C, 3)
[C = compulsory; O = optional; GS = Grundstudium; HS = Hauptstudium]	
Teaching format / class hours per week / group size:	a) Seminar / 2,5 class hours (block course, total 37,5 h) / 60 b) Seminar / 2,5 class hours (block course, total 37,5 h) / 60
Workload:	a) 37,5 h / 52,5 h
Face-to-face teaching /independent	b) 37,5 h / 52,5 h
study	Gesamt: 75 h / 105 h
Credit points:	6 CP
Required prerequisites:	Module ETX6: Methods in Ecotoxicology
Recommended prerequisites:	none
Targeted learning outcomes:	The students know the principles of risk assessment and risk management of chemicals in Germany, the EU and internationally. They are aware of the legislative and non-legislative background to risk assessment and risk management, the procedure and the role different stakeholders play. This is presented for the EU and discussed using examples from various developing countries. They are able to evaluate existing data in order to conduct deterministic and probabilistic risk assessments and to derive appropriate risk mitigation strategies at different levels. They are able to apply their knowledge in a risk assessment and a risk management case study taking into consideration economic and societal aspects. They present the results of their risk assessment and risk management case studies using multimedia presentation.
Content:	 a) Risk Assessment and Management of Chemicals: National and international chemical regulations REACH Aquatic risk assessment Terrestrial risk assessment Bird and mammal risk assessment Toxicity identification evaluation TIE Effect-Directed Analysis Weight of evidence approach Special cases: nanomaterials, genetically modified organisms,

	toxicity of mixtures, sediment toxicity
	 b) Environmental Risk Evaluation:
	 Higher tier uncertainty management
	 Probabilistic risk assessment
	 Landscape level risk management
	 Practical risk mitigation strategies
	 Economic and societal aspects of risk
	 Stakeholders involved in risk decision and management
	processes
	Risk communication
	 Risk management case studies
	Multimedia presentation
Study / exam achievements:	Portfolio (oral)
Forms of media:	PowerPoint slides, case study outlines, excursions
Literature:	Basic and advanced reading:
	 Greim, H., Snyder, R. (2008): Toxicology and Risk
	Assessment: A Comprehensive Introduction. Wiley & Sons, Chichester.
	Renn, O. (2008): Risk Governance: Coping with Uncertainty in
	a Complex World (Risk, Society and Policy). Earthscan,
	London.
	Suter II, G.W. (2006): Ecological Risk Assessment. Lewis
	Publishers, Boca Raton.
	• Van Leeuwen, C.J., Vermeire, T.G. (2007): Risk Assessment
	of Chemicals: An Introduction. Springer-Verlag Gmbh, Berlin.
	 Vincoli, J.W. (1996): Risk Management for Hazardous
	Chemicals. CRC Press, Boca Raton.

Module name:	Applied Module at External Organisations
Module code:	AMEO
Semester:	2 nd Semester
Module coordinator:	Dr. Carsten Brühl
Lecturer:	Lecturers and staff of the Institute for Environmental Sciences plus external lecturers or staff from the other institution
Language:	English
Classification within the curriculum: (Compulsory or optional, semester)	M.Sc. Ecotoxicology (C, 2)
[C = compulsory; O = optional; GS = Grundstudium; HS = Hauptstudium]	
Teaching format / class hours per week / group size:	Practical training / 300 h, about 8 weeks full time
Workload:	Seminar/Discussions: 20 h
Face-to-face teaching / independent study	Independent work: 280 h
Credit points:	10 CP
Required prerequisites:	At least 40 CP obtained
Recommended prerequisites:	Knowledge in environmental chemistry, aquatic or terrestrial ecotoxicology and risk assessment
Targeted learning outcomes:	The module AMEO is an eight-week internship, which can be performed at an external university, governmental or industrial research institute in Germany or abroad. The students become familiar with the practice on the job, requirements of the job market and career opportunities and can establish business contacts. They apply, confirm and expand knowledge and competences achieved during their study. Following successful completion the students are able to plan an applied scientific work package, conduct the work in an external environment and to discuss and evaluate the results based on the relevant literature.
Content:	The students work independently on a research topic at the chosen institution for a total time of about 8 weeks. Following an introductory discussion with the supervisors, the students perform the (research) work on their own and discuss the obtained results regularly with their supervisors. The content depends on the actual research questions in the selected research organisations. Topics or possible positions with a focus on applied research questions will be suggested by the staff of the Institute for Environmental Sciences or maybe suggested by the students. The topics should be directly related to applied problems relevant in these external organisations and should ideally offer the students opportunities to apply their knowledge and skills in areas, which are not the particular research areas at the Institute for Environmental Sciences in Landau. They include, but are not restricted to the following areas: • Engineering aspects (e.g. hydrology, mitigation techniques)

Module AMEO: Applied Module at External Organisations

	 Multimedia modelling Food web modelling Fish, bird or mammal ecotoxicology and risk assessment Agricultural sciences Socioeconomics Specific aspects in regulatory ecotoxicology Risk communication, economic or societal aspects Following the practical work, the students write a short report including: Exact name of the institution Name and matriculation number of the student Period and place of the internship Short description of the activities Concluding evaluation of the personal and general suitability of the internship Moreover the students are supposed to present their internship in a presentation for all students in order to offer an exchange of information and experiences between the students.
Study / exam achievements:	Certificate, short report, presentation
Forms of media:	PowerPoint slides, handouts, seminar discussions
Literature:	 General ecotoxicological literature Specific published papers/guidelines of the respective research organisations on request

Module RPC: Research Project Course

Module name:	Research Project Course
Module code:	RPC
Semester:	3 rd Semester
Module coordinator:	Dr. Carsten Brühl
Lecturer:	Lecturers and staff of the Institute for Environmental Sciences
Language:	English
Classification within the curriculum:	M.Sc. Ecotoxicology (C, 3)
(Compulsory or optional, semester)	
[C = compulsory; O = optional; GS = Grundstudium; HS = Hauptstudium]	
Teaching format / class hours per week / group size:	Practical training / 360 h, about 10 weeks fulltime
Workload:	Seminar/Discussions: 10 h
Face-to-face teaching / independent study	Independent study: 350 h
Credit points:	12 CP
Required prerequisites:	At least 20 CP obtained, B2/ETX3 passed
Recommended prerequisites:	Knowledge in environmental chemistry, aquatic or terrestrial ecotoxicology and risk assessment
Targeted learning outcomes:	The students work independently on a research topic of the university for a total time of about 10 weeks. The topics depend on the actual research conducted in the various research groups. However, all topics do have an interdisciplinary character covering at least two different disciplines (e.g. chemistry and ecology, or physics and risk assessment). The students submit proposals for topics selected from a list provided by the teaching staff including a time and resource planning as well as an independently conducted literature search. The selected topics will be studied under the guidance of usually two teaching staff members representing the two science disciplines involved. Following an introductory discussion with the supervisor, the students perform the research work on their own and discuss the obtained results regularly with their supervisor. Following the practical work, the students write a report including the theoretical background, the methods used, the results obtained and a discussion of the results based on the relevant scientific literature. The students present and defend the outcome of their work at an oral presentation. Following successful completion the students therefore are able to plan a scientific work package conduct the work, evaluate the results based on the relevant literature and present the outcomes.
Content:	The content depends on the actual research questions in the research groups associated with the Institute for Environmental Sciences. They include, but are not restricted to the following areas: Chemical experiments in the lab Environmental colloid chemistry Environmental organic chemistry

	Physical transport or transfer processes of environmental chemicals Ecotoxicological lab tests Ecotoxicological field studies In situ or monitoring work in the field Molecular genetics GIS data analysis Literature reviews Exposure, effect or landscape modelling Assessment or management of risks
Study / exam achievements:	The mark obtained for this module includes the proposal, the practical work itself as well as the report and final presentation/discussion.
Forms of media:	PowerPoint slides, handouts, seminar discussions
Literature:	Specific published papers on the respective research topic

Master Thesis

preModule name:	Master Thesis
Semester:	4 th Semester
Module coordinator:	Dr. Carsten Brühl
Lecturer:	Lecturers and staff of the Institute for Environmental Sciences
Language:	English
Classification within the curriculum: (Compulsory or optional, semester) [C = compulsory; O = optional; GS = Grundstudium; HS = Hauptstudium]	M.Sc. Ecotoxicology (C, 4)
Teaching format / class hours per week / group size:	independent scientific work
Workload: Face-to-face teaching / independent study	about 900 h work totally
Credit points:	30 CP
Required prerequisites:	At least 90 CP obtained
Recommended prerequisites:	none
Targeted learning outcomes:	The students work independently on a research topic for a total time of about 6 months. The topics depend on the actual research conducted in the various research groups. However, all topics should have an interdisciplinary character covering at least two different disciplines (e.g. chemistry and ecology, or Physics and Risk Assessment). The topics will be studied under the guidance of at least two teaching staff members representing the two science disciplines involved. Following an introductory discussion with the supervisors, the students prepare a written detailed research proposal including their hypothesis, introductory literature and statistical methods. After discussing the proposal with their supervisors they perform the research work on their own and discuss the obtained results regularly with their supervisor. Following the practical work, the students write a thesis including the theoretical background, the methods used, the results obtained and a discussion of the results based on the relevant scientific literature. The students present and defend the outcome of their work as an oral presentation. The thesis is graded by two reviewers. Following successful completion the students therefore are able to independently plan a scientific work package, conduct the work, evaluate the results based on the relevant literature and present the outcomes.
Content:	The content depends on the actual research questions in the research groups associated with the Institute for Environmental Sciences. They include, but are not restricted to the following areas: Chemical experiments in the lab Environmental organic chemistry Physical transport or transfer processes of environmental chemicals Ecotoxicological lab tests

	Ecotoxicological field studies In situ or monitoring work in the field Molecular genetics GIS data analysis Literature reviews Exposure, effect or landscape modelling
Study / exam achievements:	Assessment or management of risks Master thesis with colloquium
Forms of media:	PowerPoint, Handouts, Seminar discussions
Literature:	General ecotoxicological literature Specific published papers of the respective research group(s) on request

3.2 Optional modules¹

Module ACP1: Water Analysis

Module name:	Water Analysis
Module code:	ACP1
Courses:	a) Laboratory exercise Water Analysis
	b) Seminar Water Analysis
Semester:	2. Semester
Module coordinator:	Dr. Dörte Diehl
Lecturer:	Dr. Christian Noss / Dr. Dörte Diehl
Language:	English
Classification within the	M.Sc. Environmental Sciences (O, 2)
curriculum: (Compulsory or	M.Sc. Ecotoxicology (O, 2)
optional, semester)	2F-B.Sc. Basisfach Umweltchemie (O, 3/4)
[C = compulsory; O = optional;	
Teaching format / class hours per	a) Lab exercise / 3 class hours (block course, total 45 h) / 10
week / group size:	b) Seminar / 1 class hour (block course, total 15 h) / 30
Workload:	a) 45 h / 75 h
Face-to-face teaching /	b) 15 h / 45 h
independent study	Total: 60 h / 120 h
Credit points:	6 CP
Requirements under the examination regulations:	 Modules B3/ETX1 and B2/ETX3 completed and, additionally, students must meet one of the following criteria: 1. holding a Bachelor's degree in Umweltwissenschaften from the University of Koblenz-Landau or 2. having successfully passed the ETX4A / LAB1 module or 3. having participated in the lab safety assessment with outcome: "recommendation for ETX4B/LAB2". For details of the lab safety assessment see ETX4A / LAB1 module
Recommended prerequisites:	Fundamental knowledge in chemistry and water chemistry (comparable to the lecture "Boden- und Wasserchemie" of the B.Sc. program) and experiences in laboratory work and knowledge in instrumental analysis (comparable to ETX4A).
Targeted learning outcomes:	The students learn how to plan and conduct fundamental chemical and physical water analysis. They become qualified to evaluate and document the results of the analysis in an ecological, ecotoxicological and legal context.
Content:	 a) Water Analysis (Laboratory exercise): Measurement of physical environmental parameters within water bodies Organic and inorganic trace analysis in water samples Determination of well-established hydrochemical parameters b) Water Analysis (Seminar):

¹ Modules/courses with German titles and descriptions (Targeted learning outcomes and Content) are taught in German language

	Presentation of the analytical methods and discussion of the results and experiences from a) in a seminar accompanying the lab exercise.
Study / exam achievements:	Portfolio (written)
Forms of media:	
Literature:	 Basic and advanced reading: Nollet, M.L., De Gelder, L.S.P (2014): Handbook of water analysis. CRC Press, Boca Raton Sharma, S.K., Sanghi, R. (2012): Advances in water treatment and pollution prevention. Springer, Berlin. Applied water science (2011), Springer, Berlin. Günzler, H., Williams, A. (2002): Handbook of Analytical Techniques. Wiley-VCH, Weinheim. Current scientific literature

Module name:	Biogeochemical Interfaces
Module code:	ACP2
Courses:	a) Biogeochemical Interfaces
	b) Environmental Processes at Biogeochemical Interfaces
Semester:	3. Semester
Module coordinator:	Dr. Christian Buchmann
Lecturer:	Dr. Christian Buchmann
Language:	English
Classification within the curriculum:	M.Sc. Environmental Sciences (O, 2)
(Compulsory or optional, semester)	M.Sc. Ecotoxicology (O, 2)
(compaisory of optional, semester)	2F-B.Sc. Basisfach Umweltchemie (O, 3/4)
[C = compulsory; O = optional; GS =	
Grundstudium; HS = Hauptstudium]	
Teaching format / class hours per	a) Lecture / 2 class hours (block course, total 30 h) / 60
week / group size:	b) Exercise / 3 class hours (block course, total 45 h) / 10
Workload:	a) 30 h / 60 h
Face-to-face teaching / Independent	,
study	Total: 75 h / 105 h
Credit points:	6 CP
	Modules B3/ETX1 and B2/ETX3 completed and, additionally,
•	students must meet one of the following criteria:
examination regulations.	4. holding a Bachelor's degree in Umweltwissenschaften from
	the University of Koblenz-Landau or
	5. having successfully passed the ETX4A / LAB1 module or
	6. having participated in the lab safety assessment with
	outcome: "recommendation for ETX4B/LAB2".
	For details of the lab safety assessment see ETX4A / LAB1 module
Recommended prerequisites:	Fundamental knowledge in physical chemistry, environmental
	chemistry, soil sciences and ecotoxicology
Targeted learning outcomes:	The students understand the central role of interfaces for
	environmental processes such as sorption and transport of
	environmental contaminants, bioavailability and toxicity. They
	understand the intense interactions between physics, chemistry and
	biology. The students gain experience in the analysis of interfacial
	processes and are competent for independent interdisciplinary
	process-oriented experiments.
Content:	a) Biogeochemical Interfaces: (I) weak interactions: their principles
	and relevance in natural systems (II) water: properties, anomalies,
	function in biogeochemical systems and hydration (III) biopolymers:
	production, properties and function, (IV) biogeochemical interfaces:
	soil organic matter, minerals and organisms, pores, sediments,
	biofilms, aquatic systems (V) dissolved organic matter: properties,
	function and current models, natural and engineered particles (VI)
	Physicochemical environmental processes and interfaces: sorption,
	pollutant mobilization, colloid-facilitated pollutant transport, wetting,
	capillarity. (VII) Interactions between biology and chemistry:,
	interactions in natural systems, swelling, diffusion, precipitation, (VIII)
	abiogenesis: current theories and concepts, implications.
	b) Environmental processes at biogeochemical interfaces:
	Independent planning, implementation and evaluation of current

	research projects and environmental issues-oriented experiments to wetting and contact angle, surface tension, precipitation and crystallization of colloids at biogeochemical interfaces, swelling processes, etc.
Study / exam achievements:	a) Oral Exam
	b) Written Portfolio
Forms of media:	PowerPoint slides
Literature:	Basic and advanced reading:
	Butt, HJ., Graf, K., Kappl, M. (2006): Physics and Chemistry of Interfaces. Wiley-VCH, Weinheim.
	Schwuger, M.J. (1996): Lehrbuch der Grenzflächenchemie. Georg Thieme Verlag Stuttgart.
	Israelachvili, J.N. (2011): Intermolecular and surface forces, Elsevier, Amsterdam
	Current scientific literature

Module name:	Current Developments in Environmental Chemistry
Module code:	ACP3
Courses:	Current Developments in Environmental Chemistry
Semester:	3. Semester
Module coordinator:	Dr. Allan Philippe
Lecturer:	Dr. Allan Philippe
Language:	English
Classification within the	M.Sc. Environmental Sciences (O, 3)
curriculum: (Compulsory or optional, semester)	M.Sc. Ecotoxicology (O, 3)
[C = compulsory; O = optional; GS = Grundstudium; HS = Hauptstudium]	
Teaching format / class hours per week / group size:	Project seminar / 4 SWS / 30
Workload: Face-to-face teaching / independent study	60 h / 120 h
Credit points:	6 CP
Requirements under the examination regulations:	Admission for M.Sc. study
Recommended prerequisites:	none
Targeted learning outcomes:	The students are able to conduct scientific literature researches, to choose, find, analyse, present and discuss literature and to work with scientific literature data bases. They are able to become acquainted with new theoretical and practical knowledge, to transfer basic knowledge to specific scientific problems and to discuss on scientific level. The students are able to transfer basic knowledge in chemistry and ecology to specific scientific topics and applications. The students are familiar with environmental-chemical processes in terrestrial and aquatic systems, the physicochemistry behind them, the interactions between the systems and organic and inorganic contaminants and their relevance for transport, enrichment, toxicity and bioavailability.
Content:	Presentation, analysis and discussion of current scientific literature and ongoing research projects on re-use of waste water in agriculture, fate and effects of engineered nanoparticles, soil quality and soil degradation, soil water repellency, sorption of organic and inorganic chemicals on soil particles, suspended matter and colloids, engineered nanoparticles; interactions between contaminants and environment, relation between environmental processes and biological effects of organic chemicals and nanoparticles. The seminar task is to conduct a scientific literature review including data base research in the context of these or related topics.
Study / exam achievements:	Student's presentation and portfolio
Forms of media:	
Literature:	Basic reading:
	Evangelou, V.P. (1998): Environmental soil and water chemistry. John

Module ACP3: Current Developments in Environmental Chemistry

Wiley, New York
Weiner, E.R. (2000): Applications of Environmental Chemistry. A
practical Guide for Environmental professionals. Boca Raton, CRC
Press
Andrews, J.E., Brimblecombe, P., Jickells, T.D., Liss, P.S. (2003): An
Introduction to Environmental Chemistry. Blackwell, Oxford.
Advanced reading:
Will be announced in the course.

Module ACP5: Process modelling

Module name:	Process modelling
Module code:	ACP5
Courses:	a) Reaction and transport modeling
	b) Application of transport modeling tools
Semester:	2. Semester
Module coordinator:	Prof. Dr. Andreas Lorke
Lecturer:	Prof. Dr. Andreas Lorke / Dr. Christian Noß / Jun. Prof. Dr. Eva
	Kröner
Language:	English
Classification within the curriculum:	M.Sc. Environmental Sciences (O, 3)
(Compulsory or optional, semester)	M.Sc. Ecotoxicology (O, 3)
[C = compulsory; O = optional; GS =	
Grundstudium; HS = Hauptstudium] Teaching format / class hours per	a) Seminar / 2 class hours / 60
week / group size:	b) Exercise / 2 class hours / 30
Workload:	a) 30 h / 60 h
Face-to-face teaching / Independent	b) 30 h / 60 h
study	Total: 60 h / 120 h
Credit points:	6 CP
Requirements under the examination	
regulations:	
Recommended prerequisites:	none
Targeted learning outcomes:	The students know the physical and mathematical basis of
	combined transport and reaction modeling in environmental applications. They can set up simple models using the statistics
	package R and they become familiar with contaminant transport in
	soil, the numerical implementation application to selected problems.
Content:	a) Reaction and transport modeling:
	Transport- und reaction models
	Numerical recipes
	 Model calibration and verification
	 b) Application of transport modeling tools
	 Application of selected modeling tools in soil physics (Water
	flow in soil, gas diffusion, contaminant transport)
Study / exam achievements:	Portfolio (written)
Forms of media:	Desis medinen
Literature:	Basic reading:
	Imboden, D., Koch, S. (2003): Systemanalyse. Springer, Berlin. Schwarzenbach, R.P. (2002): Environmental Organic Chemistry.
	J.Wiley & Sons, New Jersey.
	Soetaert, K., Herman, P.M.J. (2010): A practical guide to ecological
	modelling: Using R as a simulation platform. Springer.
	Bittelli, M., Campbell, G. S. & Tomei, F. (2015). Soil Physics with
	Python: Transport in the Soil-Plant-Atmosphere System. OUP
	Oxford.

Module name:	Environmental physics II	
Module code:	ACP6	
Courses:	a) Aquatic Physics	
	b) Current Topics in Environmental Physics	
Semester:	3. Semester	
Module coordinator:	Prof. Dr. Andreas Lorke	
Lecturer:	Prof. Dr. Andreas Lorke	
Language:	English	
Classification within the curriculum: (Compulsory or optional, semester)	M.Sc. Environmental Sciences (O, 3) M.Sc. Ecotoxicology (O, 3)	
[C = compulsory; O = optional; GS = Grundstudium; HS = Hauptstudium]		
Teaching format / class hours per	a) Lecture / 2 class hours / 30	
week / group size:	b) Seminar / 2 class hours / 30	
Workload:	a) 30 h / 60 h	
Face-to-face teaching / independent	b) 30 h / 60 h	
study	Total: 60 h / 120 h	
Credit points:	6 CP	
Requirements under the examination regulations:	Admission for M.Sc. study	
Recommended prerequisites:		
Targeted learning outcomes:	The students know the physical processes governing the flow and distribution of energy, momentum, and mass in aquatic systems (rivers, reservoirs, lakes and oceans) and are able to apply physical equations for their quantitative analysis.	
Content:	 a) Aquatic Physics: Physical processes in aquatic ecosystems Environmental fluid mechanics Water-atmosphere interactions Sediment-water interactions Flux paths of energy and mass in aquatic systems Interactions between flow, organisms, and biogeochemical cycles b) Current Topics in Environmental Physics: Analysis of current scientific publications Interdisciplinary relevance of physical processes in environmental sciences 	
Study / exam achievements:	Portfolio (written)	
Forms of media:		
Literature:	 Basic reading: Fischer, H. B., N. H. Brooks, et al. (1979). Mixing in Inland and Coastal Waters. N.Y., Academic Press, New York. Kundu, P., I.M. Cohen (2008): Fluid Mechanics. Academic Press. Lerman, A., Gat, J.R., Imboden, D.M.: Physics and chemistry of lakes. Springer Advanced reading: Current publications 	

odule name:	Organische Chemie für Fortgeschrittene	
Module code:	CHE 1	
Courses:	a) Vorlesung Organische Chemie 2	
	b) Projekt Organische Chemie	
Semester:	2./3. Semester	
Module coordinator:	Dr. Katherine Munoz	
Lecturer:	Dr. Katherine Munoz	
Language:	Deutsch	
Classification within the curriculum:	M.Sc. Environmental Sciences (O, 2/3)	
(Compulsory or optional, semester)	M.Sc. Ecotoxicology (O, 2/3)	
	B.Ed. Chemie (C, 1/2)	
[C = compulsory; O = optional; GS =	Zwei-Fach Bachelor, Basisfach und Wahlfach Umweltchemie	
Grundstudium; HS = Hauptstudium]		
Teaching format / class hours per	a) Vorlesung / 2 SWS / 80	
week / group size:	b) Projekt Organische Chemie / 1 SWS / 15	
Workload:	a) 30 h / 60 h	
Face-to-face teaching / independent	b) 15 h / 75 h	
study	Gesamt: 45 h / 135 h	
Credit points:	6 LP	
Requirements under the	Zulassung zum Masterstudiengang Environmental Sciences oder	
examination regulations:	Ecotoxicology	
Recommended prerequisites:	Grundlagen der Organischen Chemie 1 (Teilmodul UC2), möglichst auch die Inhalte der entsprechenden Bachelormodule UC1, UC2	
Targeted learning outcomes:	a) Die Studierenden	
	 haben ein grundlegendes Verständnis organisch-chemischer Zusammenhänge, der Stoffklassen und der Modelle der Organischen Chemie, 	
	kennen die wichtigsten Konzepte der Reaktionsverläufe der	
	von organisch-chemischen Reaktionen (Substitution,	
	Eliminierung, Addition, Oxidations- und Reduktionsreaktionen,	
	sowie Umlagerungen)	
	 können Reaktionen deuten und Synthese-Hypothesen formulieren 	
	 formulieren kennen ausgewählte Stoffklassen (z.B. Aromaten, Kunststoffe 	
	und Proteine) und deren Umwandlungen	
	 sind in der Lage sach- und fachbezogene Informationen zu 	
	erschließen und auszutauschen	
	b) Die Studierenden	
	 kennen den Ablauf wissenschaftlichen Arbeitens in der organischen/ökologischen Chemie und sind in der 	
	Lage,forschungsorientierte Experimente der organischen Chemie aus Hypothesen abzuleiten, zu entwickeln und durchzuführen	
	 kennen die Grundsätze wissenschaftlichen Publizierens und können über Experimente im Rahmen eines größeren Forschungsprojekts berichten 	

Module CHE1: Organische Chemie für Fortgeschrittene

Content:	a)	
	Grundlegende Konzepte und Arbeitsweisen der Organischen Synthesechemie	
	Synthese wie Retrosynthese von bekannten und unbekannten	
	Verbindungen	
	Reaktionsweisen von organisch-chemischen Substanzen,	
	Abschätzungen von Reaktivitäten anhand von	
	Funktionalisierungen und Substituenteneinflüssen	
	Transfer der Grundlagen in umweltchemische Zusammenhänge, anwendungsbezogene Synthesechemie	
	Vernetzende Reaktionen, Reaktionsmechanismen	
	Transformation funktioneller Gruppen (C-Atom-Heteroatom), Anwendung an praktischen Beispielen	
	Grundlagen zu wichtigen analytischen Methoden	
	Reaktionsmechanismen: Substitution / Addition / Eliminierung / Umlagerung	
	b)	
	Mitarbeit an einem organisch-chemischen Forschungsprojekt	
	hypothesengesteuerte Entwicklung, Durchführung und Auswertung von Experimenten,	
	wissenschaftliches Arbeiten, Publizieren, Literaturrecherche.	
Study / exam achievements:	Klausur	
Forms of media:	PowerPoint Folien	
Literature:	Begleitende Literatur:	
	Bruice P. Y. (2007). Organische Chemie. Addison-Wesley	
	Brückner R. (2009). Reaktionsmechanismen. Spektrum	
	Clayden J., et al. (2013). Organische Chemie. Springer Spektrum	
	Projekt Organische Chemie:	
	Hier wird Literatur entsprechend des Forschungsgebiets angegeben.	

Module name:	Physikalische Chemie
Module code:	CHE2
Courses:	a) Grundlagen der physikalischen Chemie
	b) Übung Physikalische Chemie
Semester:	1./2./3. Semester
Module coordinator:	Dr. Jan David
Lecturer:	Dr. Jan David
Language:	Deutsch
Classification within the curriculum:	M.Sc. Environmental Sciences (O, 1/2/3)
(Compulsory or optional, semester)	B.Ed. Chemie (C, 3/4)
	Zwei-Fach Bachelor, Basisfach und Wahlfach Umweltchemie (P,
[C = compulsory; O = optional; GS =	3/4)
Grundstudium; HS = Hauptstudium]	
Teaching format / class hours per	a) Vorlesung / 3 SWS / 80
week / group size:	b) Übung / 1 SWS / 30
Workload:	a) 45 h / 75 h
Face-to-face teaching / independent	b) 15 h / 45 h
study	Gesamt: 60 h / 120 h
Credit points:	6 LP
Requirements under the	Zulassung zum Masterstudiengang Environmental Sciences oder
examination regulations:	Ecotoxicology
Recommended prerequisites:	Grundlagen der Chemie
Targeted learning outcomes:	Die Studierenden
5 5	haben ein grundlegendes Verständnis physikalisch-chemischer
	Phänomene,
	kennen die wichtigsten Konzepte der Thermodynamik,
	Reaktionskinetik, Elektrochemie und Grenzflächenchemie
Content:	Grundlegende Konzepte und Arbeitsweisen der Physikalischen Chemie
	Mathematische physikalische Grundlagen
	Thermodynamik und Gleichgewichtslehre
	Grundlagen und Anwendungen der Elektrochemie
	Reaktionskinetik
	Grenzflächenchemie
Study / exam achievements:	Klausur
Forms of media:	PowerPoint Folien, Übungsblätter
Literature:	Peter W. Atkins; Julio de Paula: Physikalische Chemie. Wiley-VCH,
	Weinheim

Module CHE3: Green Chemistry

Module name:	Green Chemistry	
Module code:	CHE3	
Courses:	a) Seminar Ökologische Chemie	
	b) Projekt Green Chemistry (Wahl eines Schwerpunkts)	
Semester:	13. Semester	
Module coordinator:	JunProf. Dr. Katrin Schuhen	
Lecturer:	JunProf. Dr. Katrin Schuhen	
Language:	Deutsch/Englisch (bei Bedarf)	
Classification within the curriculum:	M.Sc. Environmental Sciences (O, 1/2)	
(Compulsory or optional, semester)	B.Ed. Chemie (C, 1/2)	
	M.Sc. Ecotoxicology (O, 1/2)	
[C = compulsory; O = optional; GS		
= Grundstudium; HS =		
Hauptstudium]		
Teaching format / class hours per	a) Seminar / 1 SWS / 30	
week / group size:	b) Projekt Green Chemistry / 1 SWS / 30	
Workload:	a) 15 h / 75 h	
Face-to-face teaching /	b) 15 h / 75 h	
independent study	Gesamt: 30 h / 150 h	
Credit points:	6 LP	
Requirements under the	Zulassung zum Masterstudiengang Environmental Sciences oder	
examination regulations:	Ecotoxicology	
Recommended prerequisites:	Grundlagen der Organischen Chemie 1 (Teilmodul UC2),	
	möglichst auch die Inhalte der entsprechenden Bachelormodule	
	UC1, UC2	
Targeted learning outcomes:	a) Die Studierenden	
	verstehen die Prinzipien von Ökologischer Chemie und Green	
	Chemistry und erarbeiten diese in Seminarthemen	
	eigenständig und stellen diese in der Gruppe vor	
	erstellen ein Handout für die Seminarteilnehmer unter Fickerung den Angelete des wiesenscheftlichen Schweikenen	
	Einbezug der Aspekte des wissenschaftlichen Schreibens	
	 können die Erkenntnisse aus den erarbeiteten Hintergründen auf anwendungsbezogene, industriebasierte Prozesse 	
	übertragen und in der Gruppe diskutieren	
	 erarbeiten Konzepte f ür die nachhaltige Nutzung, den Einsatz 	
	von organischen und anorganischen Substanzen auf der	
	Basis des Green Chemistry Konzepts	
	 können anorganische und organische Stoffkonzepte auf 	
	ökologische Fragestellungen anwenden.	
	b) Die Studierenden	
	• kennen den Ablauf wissenschaftlichen Arbeitens in dem	
	Bereich Green Chemistry und sind in der	
	Lage, forschungsorientierte Experimente aus Hypothesen	
	abzuleiten, zu entwickeln und durchzuführen	
	 können aus wissenschaftlichen Artikeln die Kernpunkte 	
	erarbeiten und diese in hypothesengesteuerten Versuchen im	
	Labor nachstellen und/oder exemplarisch verbessern	

	 kennen die Grundsätze wissenschaftlichen Publizierens und können über Experimente im Rahmen eines größeren Forschungsprojekts berichten erhalten einen Einblick in das Aufgabenportfolio, welches ein HSE-Manager bzw. ein Gutachter aus dem Bereich der Green Chemistry/Chemistry erfüllen sollte erhalten einen direkten industriellen Bezug zur Green Chemistry durch einen direkten (Exkursion) oder indirekten Einblick (Videosequenzierung) in Abläufe und Prozesse Schwerpunkt Environmental Science Networking Portal (ESNP) erarbeiten Themen auf der Basis von interaktiven dynamischen Lehrinformationen (Lelf) orts- und zeitunabhängig und beantworten die Fragen auf einem bereitgestellten Online Portal. erhalten eine vernetzende umweltwissenschaftliche Sicht, in der nicht nur die organischen Themenstellungen betrachtet werden, sondern die Vernetzung von umweltwissenschaftlichen Themenfeldern vorangestellt wird. erhalten durch die Lelf einen Gesamtüberblick über die umweltwissenschaftliche Lehre vom Molekül, über das
	Ökosystem zur Gesellschaft.
Content:	 Seminar Ökologische Chemie Grundlegende Konzepte und Arbeitsweisen der ökologischen Chemie (Stofftransporte, Chemikalieneinstufung, Chemikalienbewertung, GHS vs Ökotoxikologie, Metabolitenbildung, Einstufung von Nebenprodukten oder Abbauprodukten anhand organisch-chemischer Analyse) Erkennen von anorganischen und organischen Stoffkreisläufen in Ökosystemen und Hypothesenbildung zu industriellen Fragestellungen insbesondere im Hinblick auf "Sustainable Development". Reaktionsweisen von organisch-chemischen Substanzen, Abschätzungen von Reaktivitäten unter ökologischen Bedingungen Transfer von ökologisch-chemischen Zusammenhängen in umwelttechnische industrielle Prozessen Erkennen von umwelttechnischen Problemen und Analyse mit den erlernten ökologisch-chemischen Handlungsmöglichkeiten
	 Projekt Green Chemistry: Schwerpunkt Forschung: hypothesengesteuerte Entwicklung, Durchführung und Auswertung von Experimenten, wissenschaftliches Arbeiten, Publizieren, Literaturrecherche Erarbeiten von versuchsspezifischen Zusammenhängen zwischen unterschiedlichen umweltwissenschaftlichen Disziplinen Erkennen von neuen Denkstrategien und konzeptionelle Entwicklung von neuen Ideen Wahl oder Vorgabe eines zu bearbeitenden Thema aus dem Bereich Green Chemistry in einem Labor- und oder Feldversuch-basierten Ablauf

	 Schwerpunkt Environmental Science Networking Portal (ESNP) Selbststudium von interaktiven dynamischen Lehrinhalten mit hinterlegten Übungen zur Kontrolle des Erlernten. Erarbeiten neuer Themengebiete aus dem Bereich Green Chemistry und Nachhaltigkeit über eine interaktive Online Plattform mittels interaktiven dynamischen Lehrinhalten
Study / exam achievements:	Modulabschlussklausur (bestehend aus den Themen des Seminars)
Forms of media:	Powerpoint-Präsentation in Eigenregie, Vortrag der erarbeitenden Fragestellungen mit Diskussion (ca. 45 min plus 15 min), Interaktive dynamische Lehrinhalte über eine Online Plattform
Literature:	 Begleitende Literatur: z.B. Lapkin A., Constable D. (2008). Green Chemistry Metrics. Wiley Marteel-Parrish A. E., Abraham M. A. (2013). Green Chemistry and Engineering. Wiley

Module AÖK1: Indicator Organisms

Module code: AÖK1 Semester: 13. Semester Module coordinator: Prof. Dr. Martin Entling / Dr. Jens Schirmel / Dr. Verena Rösch / Dr Dagmar Lange / Dr. René Gergs Language: English Classification within the curriculum: M.Sc. Ecotoxicology (O, 1-3) (Compulsory or optional, semester) M.Sc. Environmental Sciences (O, 1-3) B.Sc. Unweltwissenschaften (O, 4-6) 2F-B.Sc. Naturschutzbiologie (O, 4-6) Grundstudium; HS = Hauptstudium] M.Ed. Biologie Gymnasium (O, 1-4) Teaching format / class hours per week / group size 2 practical courses of 2 class hours each (block courses, total 60 h) / 20 Workload: 60 h / 120 h Face-to-face teaching / independent study 6 CP Requirements under the examination regulations: Basic knowledge in taxonomy and study design Targeted learning outcomes: The students understand biological indication (advantages, problems, limitations). Students develop special interest in certain groups of indicator organisms and are able to ample them in the field and to identify species. The students are capable of data analysis and interpretation, and how to draw conclusions on the sampled environment. Content: Each single course (a 2 SWS) covers sampling and determination or ganisms group and interpretation of the data. Each student chooses two such courses. Examples for organism groups: Vegetat	Module name:	Indicator Organisms
Semester: 13. Semester Module coordinator: Prof. Dr. Martin Entling Lecturer: Prof. Dr. Martin Entling / Dr. Jens Schirmel / Dr. Verena Rösch / Dr Dagmar Lange / Dr. René Gergs English Classification within the curriculum: M.Sc. Ecotoxicology (O, 1-3) (Compulsory or optional, semester) M.Sc. Environmental Sciences (O, 1-3) B.Sc. Unweltwissenschaften (O, 4-6) 2F-B.Sc. Naturschutzbiologie (O, 4-6) Grundstudium; HS = Hauptstudium] M.Ed. Biologie Gymnasium (O, 1-4) Teaching format / class hours per week / group size 2 practical courses of 2 class hours each (block courses, total 60 h) / 20 Workload: 60 h / 120 h Face-to-face teaching / independent study 6 CP Requirements under the examination regulations: 8 Admission for M.Sc. study, basic skills in species determination of plants and animals Recommended prerequisites: Basic knowledge in taxonomy and study design Targeted learning outcomes: The students understand biological indication (advantages, problems, limitations). Students develop special interest in certain groups of indicator organisms and are able to employ them for landscape planning and scientific study. They are able to sample them in the field and to identify species. The students are capable or data analysis and interpretation, and how to draw conclusions on the sampled environment. Content: <td></td> <td><u> </u></td>		<u> </u>
Module coordinator: Prof. Dr. Martin Entling Lecturer: Prof. Dr. Martin Entling / Dr. Jens Schirmel / Dr. Verena Rösch / Dr Dagmar Lange / Dr. René Gergs Language: English Classification within the curriculum: M.Sc. Ecotoxicology (O, 1-3) (Compulsory or optional, semester) M.Sc. Environmental Sciences (O, 1-3) B.Sc. Umweltwissenschaften (O, 4-6) 2F-B.Sc. Naturschutzbiologie (O, 4-6) Grundstudium; HS = Hauptstudium] Practical courses of 2 class hours each (block courses, total 60 h) Yeach grundstudium; HS = Hauptstudium] Teaching format / class hours per week / group size 2 practical courses of 2 class hours each (block courses, total 60 h) Vorkload: 60 h / 120 h Face-to-face teaching / independent 2 dmission for M.Sc. study, basic skills in species determination of plants and animals Recommended prerequisites: Basic knowledge in taxonomy and study design Targeted learning outcomes: The students understand biological indication (advantages, problems, limitations). Students develop special interest in certain groups of indicator organisms and are able to employ them for landscape planning and scientific study. They are able to sample them in the field and to identify species. The students analysis and interpretation, and how to draw conclusions on the sampled environment. Content: Each single cours		
Lecturer: Prof. Dr. Martin Entling / Dr. Jens Schirmel / Dr. Verena Rösch / Dr Dagmar Lange / Dr. René Gergs Language: English Classification within the curriculum: M.Sc. Ecotoxicology (O, 1-3) (Compulsory or optional, semester) M.Sc. Environmental Sciences (O, 1-3) [C = compulsory; O = optional; GS = Grundstudium; HS = Hauptstudium] Teaching format / class hours per week / group size 2 practical courses of 2 class hours each (block courses, total 60 h) / 20 Workload: 60 h / 120 h Face-to-face teaching / independent study 60 h / 120 h Requirements under the examination regulations: Pasic knowledge in taxonomy and study design Targeted learning outcomes: The students understand biological indication (advantages, problems, limitations). Students develop special interest in certain groups of indicator organisms and are able to employ them for landscape planning and scientific study. They are able to sample them in the field and to identify species. The students are capable o data analysis and interpretation, and how to draw conclusions on the sampled environment. Content: Each single course (à 2 SWS) covers sampling and determination c a particular organism group and interpretation of the data. Each student chooses two such courses. Examples for organism groups: Vegetation, spiders, insects, and breeding birds for terrestrial environments		
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The results are used to describe local characteristics and to recognize possible stresses	Content:	 student chooses two such courses. Examples for organism groups: Vegetation, spiders, insects, and breeding birds for terrestrial environments Plankton, macrozoobenthos, fishes, and macrophytes for aquatic environments The results are used to describe local characteristics and to
Study / exam achievements: Two partial exams, depending on the single course one of the	Study / exam achievements:	
following: written exam (60 min), oral exam (30 min), term paper, portfolio, presentation (15 min). The examination type will be determined at the beginning of the course.		following: written exam (60 min), oral exam (30 min), term paper, portfolio, presentation (15 min). The examination type will be
Forms of media: Field guides, field study equipment, PowerPoint slides	Forms of media:	
Literature: Literature will be announced in the course	Literature:	<u> </u>

Module AÖK2: Community Ecology

Module name:	Community Ecology
Module code:	AÖK2
Semester:	3. Semester
Module coordinator:	Dr. Carsten Brühl
Lecturer:	Dr. Carsten Brühl
Language:	English
Classification within the curriculum:	M.Sc. Ecotoxicology (O, 3)
(Compulsory or optional, semester)	M.Sc. Environmental Sciences (O, 3)
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[C = compulsory; O = optional; GS = Grundstudium; HS = Hauptstudium]	
Teaching format / class hours per week / group size	Lecture/ Seminar / 4 class hours / 60
Workload:	60 h / 120 h
Face-to-face teaching / independent	
study	
Credit points:	6 CP
Requirements under the examination regulations:	Admission for MSc. study
Recommended prerequisites:	Solid knowledge in general ecology and statistics
Targeted learning outcomes:	The students understand the various influences on the composition of animal, plant and microbial communities in time and space. They are also capable of assessing and recording a community in the field and become familiar with the data analysis and the relevant literature for the selected community. Case studies are presented for temperate and tropical regions. An introduction in complex tropical ecosystems is given. The students are getting familiar with the current scientific literature and debates. They understand to extract the relevant information of a scientific paper and can form critical thoughts on published studies.
Content:	Structuring influences that form communities (predation, competition, resource use), herbivory, Introduction to pollination biology, Macroecology Examples of communities in ecosystems Field margins, Aquatic habitats, Arid grassland Forest, Tropical forest Wetlands, Estuaries, Marine ecosystems Quantitative recording of communities Statistical community analysis of complex data set using various multivariate methods Reading and summarizing of recent scientific texts
Study / exam achievements:	Portfolio (written)
Forms of media:	PowerPoint slides, Demonstration of methods
Literature:	Current scientific literatue
	Morin, P. (1999): Community Ecology. Blackwell.

Module AÖK3: Quantitative	Experimental Ecology
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Module name:	Quantitative experimentelle Ökologie
Module code:	AÖK3
Semester:	2. Semester
Module coordinator:	Dr. Jochen Zubrod
Lecturer:	Dr. Mirco Bundschuh / Dr. Jochen Zubrod
Language:	Deutsch
Classification within the curriculum:	M.Sc. Environmental Sciences (O, 2)
(Compulsory or optional, semester)	M.Sc. Ecotoxicology (O, 2)
[C = compulsory; O = optional; GS =	
Grundstudium; HS = Hauptstudium]	
Teaching format / class hours per	Laborübung / 4 SWS (Block, gesamt 60 h) / 5
week / group size:	60 h / 120 h
Workload:	60 h / 120 h
Face-to-face teaching / independent study	
Credit points:	6 LP
Requirements under the	
examination regulations:	
Recommended prerequisites:	Keine
Targeted learning outcomes:	Students are able to apply their knowledge on ecological and population biological concepts into practice. They gain hands-on experience in experimentation, quantitative data analysis, literature research and writing reports.
Content:	Using a basic ecological concept, students develop a testable hypothesis and an appropriate study design to test it. The case study is used to demonstrate aspects vital to study design and the conduct of experiments: such as suitable controls, replication, independence, and randomisation. The gained data will be analysed and interpreted using appropriate tools. Finally, the students write a report of high linguistic and scientific quality (publication-level) considering the available scientific literature.
Study / exam achievements:	Studienarbeit
Forms of media:	PowerPoint, computer, field and lab methods
Literature:	 Literature: Karban, R., Huntzinger, M. (2006): How to do ecology: a concise handbook. Princeton University Press. Scheiner, S.M., Gurevitch, J. (2001): Design and analysis of ecological experiments. Oxford University Press. Hairston, N.G. (1989): Ecological experiments: purpose, design, and execution. Cambridge University Press.

Module AÖK5: Molecular Ecology II

Module name:	Molecular Ecology II
Module code:	AÖK5
Semester:	3. Semester
Module coordinator:	Dr. Kathrin Theißinger
Lecturer:	Dr. Kathrin Theißinger
Language:	German, optional English
Classification within the curriculum:	M.Sc. Environmental Sciences (O, 3)
(Compulsory or optional, semester)	M.Sc. Ecotoxicology (O, 3)
[C = compulsory; O = optional; GS = Grundstudium; HS = Hauptstudium] Teaching format / class hours per	Lab exercise / 4 class hours (block course, total 60 h) / 6
week / group size:	,,
Workload: Face-to-face teaching / independent study	60 h / 120 h
Credit points:	6 CP
Requirements under the	Module AÖK4: Molecular Ecology I
examination regulations:	Module B2: Tools for Complex Data Analysis
Recommended prerequisites:	Basic knowledge in community ecology
Targeted learning outcomes:	The students gain practical experiences with molecular-biological lab methods. They are practiced to interpret population-genetic data and to provide conclusions regarding the long-term population dynamics and the potential factors of influence. The students are able to develop a scientific question, to choose and to apply adequate molecular-biological methods as well as to evaluate their results under application of appropriate statistical procedures.
Content:	During this course the application of technologies of the molecular biology is practiced, to show the effect of environmental factors on the genetic diversity within and between populations. Using a concrete example the population structure and genetic diversity is determined to draw conclusions on the long-term population dynamics. The training period encloses among other things the following methods: DNA-Extraction Gel-electrophoresis PCR-based methods (RAPD, Microsatellite analysis, sequencing, real-time PCR)
Study / exam achievements:	Term paper (Studienarbeit)
Forms of media:	Laboratory equipment, computer and analysis software, PowerPoint slides
Literature:	laboratory script

Module name:	Land Use and Ecosystems
Module code:	B4, resp. AÖKE
Courses:	a) Ecoregions and land use
	b) Anthropogenic Ecosystems
Semester:	1. Semester
Module coordinator:	Prof. Dr. Hermann Jungkunst
Lecturer:	Prof. Dr. Hermann Jungkunst / Prof. Dr. Martin Entling / Dr. Jens
	Schirmel
Language:	English
Classification within the curriculum:	M.Sc. Environmental Sciences (C, 3)
(Compulsory or optional, semester)	M.Sc. Ecotoxicology (O, 3)
	a) Master Ed. Geographie (O, 7-8)
[C = compulsory; O = optional; GS =	b) M.Ed. Biologie Gymnasium (O, 1-4)
Grundstudium; HS = Hauptstudium]	
Teaching format / class hours per	a) Seminar / 2 class hours / 60
week / group size:	b) Lecture / 2 class hours / 60
Workload:	a) 30 h / 60 h
Face-to-face teaching / independent	b) 30 h / 60 h
study	Total: 60 h / 120 h
Credit points:	6 CP
Requirements under the examination regulations:	Admission for M.Sc. study
	2020
Recommended prerequisites:	none
Targeted learning outcomes:	Students know the ecoregions of the world. They understand the
	geoecology of the different regions: global pattern of climate, soil,
	hydrology, vegetation and fauna and complex correlations between
	them. They know about typical regional land-use and the sensibility
	of the system towards human impact.
	Students understand the ecology of anthropogenic ecosystems.
	They know the various interactions between biodiversity and human
	land-use (e.g. agriculture, forestry) and are able to identify synergies and conflicts. Students have an overview of research methods in
	applied ecology and understand scientific publications.
Content:	a) Ecoregions and land use:
Content.	The ecozones of the world are presented focussing on global
	pattern of and complex correlations between
	- climate,
	- soils,
	- hydrology,
	- vegetation and fauna.
	Antropogenic use and the sensibility of the systems including ideas
	concerning the future development are demonstrated and
	elaborated on the basis of several case studies.
	b) Anthropogenic Ecosystems:
	Ecological processes in agriculture, grassland and urban ecology:
	plant-environment relationships, populations, interactions,
	communities and ecosystem services.
	Applied ecology in practice: biocontrol, agri-environment schemes,
	control of invasive species, creation of habitat analogues, organic

	farming, agricultural intensification, energy crops, tropical agriculture, sustainable forest management.
Study / exam achievements:	Written exam; presentation in a) (study achievement)
Forms of media:	PowerPoint slides
Literature:	Basic reading:
	 Schultz, J. (2008): Die Ökozonen der Erde. UTB, Stuttgart. (also available in English "The Ecozones of the World" Chapin, F.S. et al. (2013): Principles of Terrestrial Ecosystem Ecology. Springer, New York.
	Own literature search
	Advanced reading:
	Canadell et al. (2007): Terrestrial ecosystems in a changing world. Springer.

Module GEO2: Applied Geoecology I

Module name:	Applied Geoecology I
Module code:	GEO2
Courses:	Geoecological Field Course
Semester:	2. Semester
Module coordinator:	Prof. Dr. Hermann. Jungkunst
Lecturer:	Prof. Dr. Hermann. Jungkunst / Dr. Constanze Buhk
Language:	English
Classification within the curriculum:	M. Sc. Environmental Sciences (O, 2)
(Compulsory or optional, semester)	M. Sc. Ecotoxicology (O, 2)
[C = compulsory; O = optional; GS =	
Grundstudium; HS = Hauptstudium]	
Teaching format / class hours per	Field exercise / 4 class hours (block course 60 h) / 20
week / group size:	
Workload:	60 h / 120 h
Face-to-face teaching / independent	
study	
Credit points:	6 CP
Requirements under the	Admission for M.Sc. study
examination regulations:	Dedelected and geometrical basis knowledge
Recommended prerequisites:	Pedological and geomorphological basic knowledge
Targeted learning outcomes:	The students acquire the most important geoecological field
	methods and the ability of transfer from theory to praxis. They get to
	know geoecological methods, get the ability to do practical field and group work.
Content:	Fundamental field survey methods are carried out on the basis of a
	certain theme in a specific region:
	Pedological field survey (soil and sediment identification, sampling,
	drawing)
	Geomorphological field survey (topographic survey, field mapping)
	Vegetation Analyses (structure, composition, Ellenberg Indicators)
	Land use mapping
	Hydrological and microclimatic measurements and field mapping
Study / exam achievements:	Term paper (Studienarbeit)
Forms of media:	Field work
Literature:	Basic and advanced reading:
	Barsch, H., Billwitz, K. u. HR. Bork [Hrsg.] (2000):
	Arbeitsmethoden in Physiogeographie und Geoökologie.
	Klett-Perthes, Gotha und Stuttgart.
	Birkeland, P. W. (1999) Soils and Geomorphology. Oxford University Press, N.Y.
	Gabler, R.E., Petersen, J.F., Trapasso, L.M. (2007) Essentials of
	Physical Geography. Brooks Cole.
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Module name:	Applied Geoecology II
Module code:	GEO3
Courses:	Project Seminar Geoecology
Semester:	3. Semester
Module coordinator:	Prof. Dr. Hermann Jungkunst
Lecturer:	Prof. Dr. Hermann Jungkunst
Language:	German or English
Classification within the curriculum:	M. Sc. Environmental Sciences (O, 2)
(Compulsory or optional, semester)	M. Sc. Ecotoxicology (O, 2)
[C = compulsory; O = optional; GS = Grundstudium; HS = Hauptstudium]	
Teaching format / class hours per week / group size:	Project seminar / 4 class hours (block course, total 60 h) / 20
Workload:	60 h / 120 h
Face-to-face teaching / independent study	
Credit points:	6 CP
Requirements under the examination regulations:	Admission for M.Sc. study
Recommended prerequisites:	Basics in the fields of physical geography, ecology, and GIS
Targeted learning outcomes:	The students shall learn the methods to measure and analyse geoecological parameters in the field or laboratory. In contrast to Applied Geoecology I (GEO2), there will be an abiotic focus particularly on biogeochemical fluxes (e.g. greenhouse gases). They should be able to summarize, discuss and present the results. Practical work will focus on methods to understand natural processes and their relationships to human influences. Students will get experience in field and/or laboratory skills.
Content:	Content and methods will vary on focused field and/or laboratory methods in the field of geoecology (e.g. soil analyses, geomorphic or hydrologic measurements).
Study / exam achievements:	Term paper (Studienarbeit)
Forms of media:	PowerPoint slides
Literature:	Depending on topic and focused methods.

Module GEO4: Geosysteme

Module name:	Geosysteme
Module code:	GEO4
Courses:	a) Prozesse in Agrarökosytemen I
	b) Prozesse in Agrarökosytemen II
Semester:	3. Semester
Module coordinator:	Dr. Jochen Zubrod
Lecturer:	Prof. Dr. Roland Kubiak
Language:	Deutsch
Classification within the curriculum:	M. Sc. Environmental Sciences (O, 3)
(Compulsory or optional, semester)	M. Sc. Ecotoxicology (O, 3)
	Veranstaltung a)
[C = compulsory; O = optional; GS =	B. Ed. Chemie (C, 6)
Grundstudium; HS = Hauptstudium]	
Teaching format / class hours per	a) Vorlesung / 2 SWS / 100
week / group size:	b) Seminar / 2 SWS / 60
Workload:	a) 30 h / 60 h
Face-to-face teaching / independent	b) 30 h / 60 h
study	Gesamt: 60 h / 120 h
Credit points:	6 CP
Requirements under the examination regulations:	Zulassung zum Masterstudiengang
Recommended prerequisites:	Grundkenntnisse in Statistik, Umweltchemie, Ökotoxikologie,
	Bodenkunde und GIS.
Targeted learning outcomes:	Die Studierenden bekommen einen vertieften Einblick in die
	relevanten Prozesse in Agrarökosystemen. Sie verstehen, wie diese
	Systeme funktionieren und es wird ihnen anhand der gängigen
	Konzepte verdeutlicht, wie Agrarökosysteme durch den Menschen genutzt werden können. Das Wissen wird durch ein eigenständiges
	weitergehendes Literaturstudium und Präsentation im Seminar
	vertieft.
Content:	a) Prozesse in Agrarökosystemen I:
	Aufbau und Eigenschaften
	Nutzungskonzepte
	Anthropogene Eingriffe
	Agrarökosysteme als Produktionsstandort für Nahrung und
	Energie
	 Anthropogene Eingriffe: Exposition, Wirkungen,
	Untersuchungsmethoden
	Systemanalyse von Agrarlandschaften
	b) Prozesse in Agrarökosystemen II:
	Seminar zu den o.g. Themen
Study / exam achievements:	Portfolio (schriftlich)
Forms of media:	PowerPoint Folien
Literature:	Wird in der Veranstaltung bekannt gegeben

Module GEO5: Landschaftsplanung

Module name:	Landschaftsplanung
Module code:	GEO5
Courses:	a) Raum- und Landschaftsplanung
	b) Umweltplanung
Semester:	2. Semester
Module coordinator:	Dr. Kathrin Theißinger
Lecturer:	Dr. Jürgen Ott
Language:	Deutsch
Classification within the	M. Sc. Environmental Sciences (O, 3)
curriculum: (Compulsory or	M. Sc. Ecotoxicology (O, 3)
optional, semester)	B. Ed. Geographie (C, 3)
[C = compulsory; O = optional; GS = Grundstudium; HS =	
Hauptstudium]	
Teaching format / class hours	a) Seminar / 2 SWS / 60
per week / group size:	b) Seminar / 2 SWS / 60
Workload:	a) 30 h / 60 h
Face-to-face teaching /	b) 30 h / 60 h
independent study	Gesamt: 60 h / 120 h 6 CP
Credit points:	
Requirements under the examination regulations:	Zulassung zum Masterstudiengang
Recommended prerequisites:	Keine
Targeted learning outcomes:	Die Studierenden verstehen Grundlagen und Aufgabenbereiche der Raumordnung, Landes- und Umweltplanung und beherrschen die Fachterminologie. Die Rahmenbedingungen, gesetzlichen Hintergründe und Verfahren der Landes- und Umweltplanung sind den Studierenden bekannt. Konkreter in- oder ausländischer Raum kann unter raum- bzw. umweltplanerischen Aspekten analysiert, Planungsentwürfe und -konzepte erstellt sowie kritisch analysiert und mögliche Alternativen aufzeigt werden.
Content:	 a) Raum- und Landschaftsplanung: Planungen zur Entwicklung, Ordnung und Sicherung des Raumes auf Landes-, Bundes- und EU-Ebene, Raumplanerische Zusammenarbeit zwischen Gebietskörperschaften innerhalb von und zwischen Staaten Raumplanerische Konzepte in der Bevölkerungs-, Wirtschafts-, Siedlungs- und Infrastrukturentwicklung, Fachplanungen und Planungsebenen Nationale und internationale Planungen im Vergleich, Planungskonzepte, Planungsziele, Planungsinstrumente, Planungsverfahren Ökologische Dimension von Planung, Raumanalyse als Grundlage von Planung, Zielkonflikte von Planungen b) Umweltplanung: Kartierungen (Kartengrundlagen, Maßstäbe, Koordinationssysteme, Luftbilder), Biotische Kartierungen (Methoden, Material) Population Vulnerability Analysis (PVA),

	 Fauna-Flora-Habitat-Richtlinie (FFH-R), Fauna-Flora-Habitat-Verträglichkeitsprüfung (FFH-VP), Wasserrahmenrichtline (WRRL) Umweltverträglichkeitsprüfung (UVP), Umweltverträglichkeitsuntersuchung (UVU) / Umweltverträglichkeitsstudie (UVS)
Study / exam achievements:	Klausur
Forms of media:	PowerPoint Folien, Gesetze und Verordnungen
Literature:	Wird in der Veranstaltung zur Verfügung gestellt

Module GEO6: Soil Chemistry

Module name:	Soil Chemistry
Module code:	GEO6
Courses:	a) Soil Chemistry
	b) Soil Analysis
Semester:	2. Semester
Module coordinator:	Dr. Dörte Diehl
Lecturer:	Dr. Dörte Diehl
Language:	English
Classification within the curriculum:	M. Sc. Environmental Sciences (O, 3)
(Compulsory or optional, semester)	M. Sc. Ecotoxicology (O, 3)
[C = compulsory; O = optional; GS =	
Grundstudium; HS = Hauptstudium]	
Teaching format / class hours per	a) Seminar / 1 class hours / 30
week / group size:	 b) Laboratory Exercises / 3 class hours / 10
Workload:	a) 15 h / 30 h
Face-to-face teaching / independent	b) 45 h / 90 h
study	Total: 60 h / 120 h
Credit points:	6 CP
Requirements under the examination regulations:	 Modules B3/ETX1 and B2/ETX3 completed and, additionally, students must meet one of the following criteria: 7. holding a Bachelor's degree in Umweltwissenschaften from the University of Koblenz-Landau or 8. having successfully passed the ETX4A / LAB1 module or 9. having participated in the lab safety assessment with outcome: "recommendation for ETX4B/LAB2".
Recommended prerequisites:	For details of the lab safety assessment see ETX4A / LAB1 module
	 (comparable to the lecture "Boden- und Wasserchemie" of the Bachelor course programme) Experiences in laboratory work and fundamental knowledge in instrumental analysis (comparable to ETX4A).
Targeted learning outcomes:	The students know and understand the soil chemical processes and their relevance for soil quality, soil development, as well as for the transport, bioavailability and toxicity of contaminants. The knowledge of instrumental analysis is deepened. The students are able to plan and perform a soil chemical analysis (nutrients, soil parameters and contaminants) and to evaluate and judge the analysis result in the ecological context as well as in the context of current environmental laws.
Content:	 a) Soil Chemistry: Chemical processes of soil development Mobilization and precipitation of soil components Sorption, ion exchange Sesquioxides, soil redox processes and their role for mobilization and immobilization of nutrients and pollutants Relation between speciation, bioavailability, toxicity and mobilization Discussion of the current status and experiences in the laboratory

	 exercises b) Soil Analysis: Case-oriented investigation of a location for contaminants and soil chemical parameters Methods of soil chemical analysis, contaminant analysis including planning, sampling, sample preparation, enrichment, purification Techniques of sequential extraction for inorganic and organic compounds, instrumental analysis and sum parameters Advanced knowledge of chromatography and spectrometry
	Evaluation of analysis results in the ecologic and legislative context
Study / exam achievements:	Portfolio (written)
Forms of media:	
Literature:	 Basic and advanced reading: Current soil chemical literature Appelo, C.A. J., Postma, D. (1994): Geochemistry, groundwater and pollution. Balkema, Rotterdam. Alfred R. Conklin Jr. (2005): Introduction to Soil Chemistry. Wiley.Cresser, M.S., Kilham, K., Edwards, A. (1993) Soil Chemistry and its Applications. Cambridge Univ. Pr. Sparks, D.L. (2008) Environmental soil chemistry. Acad. Press. György F. (1999) Soil Chemistry: Processes and Constituents. Akadémiai Kiadó. Foth, H.D. (1990) Fundamentals of soil science. Wiley. Foth, H.D., Ellis, B.G. (1997) Soil Fertility. Lewis.

Module SÖU2: Environmental Policy and Law

Module name:	Environmental policy and law
Module code:	SÖU2
Courses:	 a) European environmental law – legislation, implementation and perspectives b) Current developments in environmental law and policy
Semester:	2./3. Semester
Module coordinator:	Prof. Dr. Oliver Frör
Lecturer:	Prof. Dr. Hannes Kopf / Prof. Dr. Oliver Frör
Language:	English
Classification within the curriculum: (Compulsory or optional, semester)	M.Sc. Environmental Sciences (O, 2/3) M.Sc. Ecotoxicology (O, 2/3)
[C = compulsory; O = optional; GS = Grundstudium; HS = Hauptstudium]	
Teaching format / class hours per week / group size:	a) Lecture / 2 SWS / 100 b) Seminar / 2 SWS / 60
Workload: Face-to-face teaching / independent	a) 30 h / 60 h b) 30 h / 60 h
study	Total: 60 h / 120 h
Credit points:	6 LP
Requirements under the examination regulations:	Admission to M.Sc. study
Recommended prerequisites:	
Targeted learning outcomes:	 a) This course focuses on the following questions: What are the legal grounds for EU environmental policy and what principles are directives and regulations based upon? To what extent does EU environmental regulation more preclude stringent national environmental standards?
	 What social and economic challenges have to be overcome? Relevant aspects will be discussed based on actual cases und law suits. b) Current developments in environmental law and policy: Students will be acquainted with the theory and practical examples of domestic and international environmental law and policy and will learn to critically analyze real cases.
Content:	 a) European Environmental Law (starting winter 2016/17): Development of European Environmental Law General Principles of Union Law in relation to Environmental Protection, Art. 191 TFEU Legal Basis, Scope of Harmonization, Implementation –The Duty to transpose Environmental Directives into National Law Legal Protection – The Direct Effect of Union Environmental Law b) Current developments in environmental law and policy: In this seminar current topics of domestic and international environmental law and policy will be independently researched, a term paper will be written and presented orally. In this process, analytical as well as team skills, communication

	behavior and ability to present will be trained.
Study / exam achievements:	Term paper and presentation (module examination)
Forms of media:	Powerpoint
Literature:	Literature will be indicated in class

Module name:	Environmental Life Cycle Assessment
Module code:	SÖU3
Courses:	a) Environmental Life Cycle Assessment
	b) Project seminar LCA
Semester:	3. Semester
Module coordinator:	Prof. Dr. Oliver Frör
Lecturer:	Dr. Jens Peters / Dr. Stefan Jergentz
Language:	English
Classification within the curriculum:	M.Sc. Environmental Sciences (O, 3)
(Compulsory or optional, semester)	M.Sc. Ecotoxicology (O, 3)
[C = compulsory; O = optional; GS = Grundstudium; HS = Hauptstudium]	
Teaching format / class hours per	a) Lecture/ 2 SWS / 60
week / group size:	b) Project seminar / 2 SWS / 20
Workload:	a) 30 h / 60 h
Face-to-face teaching / independent	b) 30 h / 60 h
study Credit points:	Gesamt: 60 h / 120 h 6 LP
Requirements under the examination	
regulations:	
Recommended prerequisites:	Module B5/SÖUE
Targeted learning outcomes:	The students learn the basics about life cycle assessment (LCA) and the underlying methodologies. They develop an awareness of the need for life-cycle thinking and the relevance of the different life cycle stages for the total environmental impact of a product or process. The students can use the corresponding LCA software (openLCA / GEMIS) and are able to create LCA and material and energy flow studies independently even for complex application cases. The underlying methods and databases are familiar and can be chosen adequately according to the context and the aim of the study. The results of an LCA study can be interpreted critically and can be presented clearly and comprehensively also to non-expert stakeholders. The students are able to identify environmentally relevant aspects of technical processes and can point relevant improvement potentials. They can interpret and critically review existing LCA studies and are able to evaluate the environmental friendliness of a product.
Content:	The students learn the basics about life cycle assessment (LCA) and the underlying methodologies. They develop an awareness of the need for life-cycle thinking and the relevance of the different life cycle stages for the total environmental impact of a product or process. The students can use the corresponding LCA software (openLCA / GEMIS) and are able to create LCA and material and energy flow studies independently even for complex application cases. The underlying methods and databases are familiar and can be chosen adequately according to the context and the aim of the study. The results of an LCA study can be interpreted critically

Module SÖU3: Environmental Life Cycle A	ssessment
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	and can be presented clearly and comprehensively also to non-expert stakeholders. The students are able to identify environmentally relevant aspects of technical processes and can point relevant improvement potentials. They can interpret and critically review existing LCA studies and are able to evaluate the environmental friendliness of a product.
Study / exam achievements:	a) Exercises (study achievements) b) Project paper and presentation (module exam)
Forms of media:	Powerpoint
Literature:	 Accompanying Literature: H. Baumann, A.M. Tillman: The hitchhiker's guide to LCA. Studentlitteratur, Lund. 2004. ISBN-10: 9144023642 W. Klöpffer, B. Grahl: Ökobilanz (LCA). Ein Leitfaden für Ausbildung und Beruf. Wiley-VCH, Weinheim, 2009. ISBN: 978-3-527-32043-1 J-A. Böning: Methoden betrieblicher Ökobilanzierung. "Hochschulschriften", Metropolis. Band 16, Marburg, 1995. ISBN-10: 3895180149 EC-JRC, "ILCD Handbook: General Guide for Life Cycle Assessment - Detailed guidance," European Commission - Joint Research Centre. Institute for Environment and Sustainability, Ispra, Italy: EC-JRC - Institute for Environment and Sustainability, 2010. J.B. Guinée et al. LCA - An operational guide to the ISO-standards. Final Report. Centre of Environmental Science, Leiden University (CML), 2001

Module SÖU5: Environmental	Environmental Cost-Benefit Analysis
Cost-Benefit Analysis Module name:	A äuz
Module code:	SÖU5
Courses:	a) Economic valuation and cost-benefit analysis
	b) Special topics in environmental CBA
Semester:	3. Semester
Module coordinator:	Prof. Dr. Oliver Frör
Lecturer:	Prof. Dr. Oliver Frör
Language:	English
Classification within the curriculum: (Compulsory or optional, semester)	M.Sc. Environmental Sciences (O, 3) M.Sc. Ecotoxicology (O, 3)
[C = compulsory; O = optional; GS = Grundstudium; HS = Hauptstudium]	
Teaching format / class hours per	a) Lecture / 2 class hours / 60
week / group size:	b) Project seminar / 2 class hours / 60
Workload:	a) 30 h / 60 h
Face-to-face teaching / independent	b) 30 h / 60 h
study	Total: 60 h / 120 h
Credit points:	6 CP
Requirements under the examination regulations:	Admission for M.Sc. study, basic knowledge in microeconomics
Recommended prerequisites:	Successful participation in module B5/SÖUE
Targeted learning outcomes:	The students achieve the qualification for conducting environmental economic analyses (such as cost-benefit analyses) and for solving decision problems within the public and business context. They gain insights into the theory and practice of preference-based valuation methods. Thereby, they will acquire the ability, to create a well-founded basis for decision making, both under certainty and uncertainty/ risk.
Content:	 a) Economic valuation and cost-benefit analysis Basics of economic welfare theory Structure of environmental economic valuation analyses Requirements for measures of well-being Measures of well-being according to Marshall und Hicks Empirical valuation methods Cost-benefit analysis in practice b) Special project in environmental CBA Student groups will jointly work on a methodical and policy paper regarding environmental valuation in a selected country.
Study / exam achievements:	a) Exercises (study achievement) b) Term paper (Modulprüfung)
Forms of media:	Powerpoint presentations, Exercises
Literature:	Basic and advanced reading:
בונסומנטוס.	Will be announced in class

Module SÖUE: Environmental Economic

Module name:	Environmental Economics
Module code:	B5, resp. SÖUE
Courses:	a) Environmental and Resource Economics
	b) Special topics in environmental economics
Semester:	1. Semester
Module coordinator:	Prof. Dr. Oliver Frör
Lecturer:	Prof. Dr. Oliver Frör
Language:	English
Classification within the curriculum:	M.Sc. Environmental Sciences (C, 1)
(Compulsory or optional, semester)	M.Sc. Ecotoxicology (O, 3)
[C = compulsory; O = optional; GS =	
Grundstudium; HS = Hauptstudium]	
Teaching format / class hours per	a) Lecture / 2 class hours / 100
week / group size:	b) Seminar / 2 class hours / 60
Workload:	a) 30 h / 60 h
Face-to-face teaching / independent	b) 30 h / 60 h
study	Total: 60 h / 120 h
Credit points:	6 CP
Requirements under the examination regulations:	Admission for MSc. study
Recommended prerequisites:	Basic knowledge in business and classical economics
Targeted learning outcomes:	The students gain an understanding of the interaction between economic processes and the environment and learn the principles of an economically optimal use of natural resources. They can apply the theoretical approaches to analyse the impact of economic activities (consumption, production, resource use) on the environment and the welfare of society.
Content:	 The relationship between the economy and the environment Market failure, Pareto optimum External effects, public goods, property rights Instruments of environmental policy Practical examples of implemented policy instruments
	 Intertemporal decision making Discounting and time preference The cake-eating model The optimal use of non-renewable resources
	The optimal use of renewable resources
Study / exam achievements:	Seminar paper in b), study achievement in a)
Forms of media:	PowerPoint Slides
Literature:	 Field, B.C. (2008), Natural Resource Economics: An Introduction, 2nd edition, Waveland Press, Long Grove, Illinois Hackett, S.C. (2006), Environmental and Natural Resource Economics: Theory, Policy and the Sustainable Society, 3rd edition, M.E. Sharpe, Armonk, New York

Module MOD3: Advanced Data Science

Module name:	Advanced Data Science
Module code:	MOD3
Courses:	a) Data Science Tools
	b) Advanced Problems in Data Science
Semester:	3. Semester
Module coordinator:	Prof. Dr. Ralf B. Schäfer
Lecturer:	Prof. Dr. Ralf B. Schäfer, Dr. Mira Kattwinkel, Dr. Nanki Sidhu
Language:	English
Classification within the curriculum:	M.Sc. Environmental Science (O, 3)
(Compulsory or optional, semester)	M.Sc. Ecotoxicology (O, 3)
[C = compulsory; O = optional; GS =	
Grundstudium; HS = Hauptstudium]	
Teaching format / class hours per	a) Exercise / 2 class hours / 30
week / group size:	b) Project Seminar / 2 class hours / 30
Workload:	a) 30 h / 60 h
Face-to-face teaching / independent	b) 15 h / 75 h
study Credit points:	Total: 45 h / 135 h 6 CP
Credit points: Requirements under the	Admission to the M.Sc. program
examination regulations:	Admission to the M.Sc. program
Recommended prerequisites:	Tools for complex data analysis
Targeted learning outcomes:	a) Data Science Tools:
	The students know and can apply current tools for modern data science. They have the ability of retrieving, handling, pre-processing and analysing complex data sets from the social and natural sciences. Moreover, they are capable of setting up a computer environment and workflow for a data analysis problem from scratch. b) Advanced Problems in Data Science:
	The students can reproducibly solve a complex data science problem during an own project. They know and can apply different solutions and approaches to typical data analysis research questions. They can automate repeated steps in the workflow, rendering the analysis more reproducible and efficient compared to manual handling.
Content:	 a) Data Science Tools: Overview of software tools for data science Version control and joint software development using github Creating reports and websites with (R)markdown Dynamic data analysis with R, markdown and knitr Automated processing using the Shell Scraping data from the internet Relational databases for spatial and non-spatial databases (PostgreSQL, PostGIS) Parallel computing and working with servers Specific approaches of data analysis: Bayesian statistics, Generalized and linear mixed models, Artificial neural networks and Deep learning, Non-linearity and GAMs, Advanced tools for

	multivariate analysis			
	b) Advanced Problems in Data Science:In the first part of the course, the students develop and discuss theoretical solutions for selected data analysis problems. In the second part of the course, they apply the tools and knowledge acquired in the module during an own project.			
Study / exam achievements:	Project with presentation (Module exam), a) Successful completion of exercises (Study achievement)			
Forms of media:	Presentation slides, tutorials, computer, software			
Literature:	 Basic and advanced reading: Gandrud C. (2014) Reproducible research with R and R Studio. CRC Press/Taylor & Francis Group, Boca Raton. Goodfellow I., Bengio Y. & Courville A. (2016). Deep learning. The MIT Press, Cambridge, Massachusetts. Haddock S.H.D. & Dunn C.W. (2011) Practical computing for biologists. Sinauer Associates, Sunderland, Mass. Matloff N.S. (2016) Parallel computing for data science: with examples in R, C++ and CUDA. CRC Press, Boca Raton. Obe, R., Hsu, L. (2011): PostGIS in Action. Manning Publications. Zarrelli G. (2017) Mastering Bash: automate daily tasks with Bash. Packt Publishing. 			

4. Exemplary Curriculum

(In parenthesis the credit points of the modules respectively courses are given.)

	1. Semester (WS)	2. Semester (SS)	3. Semester (WS)	4. Semester (SS)
Compulsory (6 LP Advar Trans ETX2 (6 LP Aqual Terres ETX3 (6 LP Study Appro Multiv (3) ETX4 Lab C Advar Enviro	ETX1: Fate and Transport of Pollutants (6 LP)	ETX6: Methods in Ecotoxicology (9 LP)	ETX8: Models in Ecotoxicology (8 LP)	Final Thesis (30 LP) 6 months
	Advanced Environmental Chemistry (3)	Ecotoxicological Test Methods (2)	Exposure Modelling (2)	Master Thesis
	Transport Processes (3)	Quality Assurance GLP (1)	Effect Modelling (2)	
	ETX2: Principles of Ecotoxicology (6 LP)	Assessment and Monitoring of Effects (6)	GIS Application (4)	
	Aquatic Ecotoxicology (3)	ETX7: Molecular Ecology I (4 LP)	ETX9: Risk Assessment and Management (6 LP)	
	Terrestrial Ecotoxicology (3)	Molecular Ecology I	Risk Assessment and Management of Chemicals (3)	
		Phylogenetic Analysis	Environmental Risk Evaluation (3)	
	ETX3: Tools for Complex Data Analysis (6 LP)			
	Study Design and Univariate Statistical Approaches (3)	AMEO: Applied Module at External Organisations (10 LP)	RPC: Research Project Course (12 LP)	
	Multivariate and Probabilistic Approaches (3)	Applied Module at External Organisations	Research Project Course	
	ETX4A/B: Environmental Chemistry Lab Course (6 LP) (Basic OR Advanced)			-
	Environmental Chemistry Lab Course (6)			
	ETX5: Toxicology and Pharmacology (5 LP)			
	Principles of Toxicology (3)			
	Toxicology Lab Course (2)			
Optional		1 Optional Module (6 LP)	1 Optional Module (6 LP)	
	29	29	32	30